

# CTI evolution and its impact on spectral resolution in different orbital environments



The “Leaky Buckets” Group  
Catherine Grant, Eric Miller,  
Bev LaMarr  
MIT

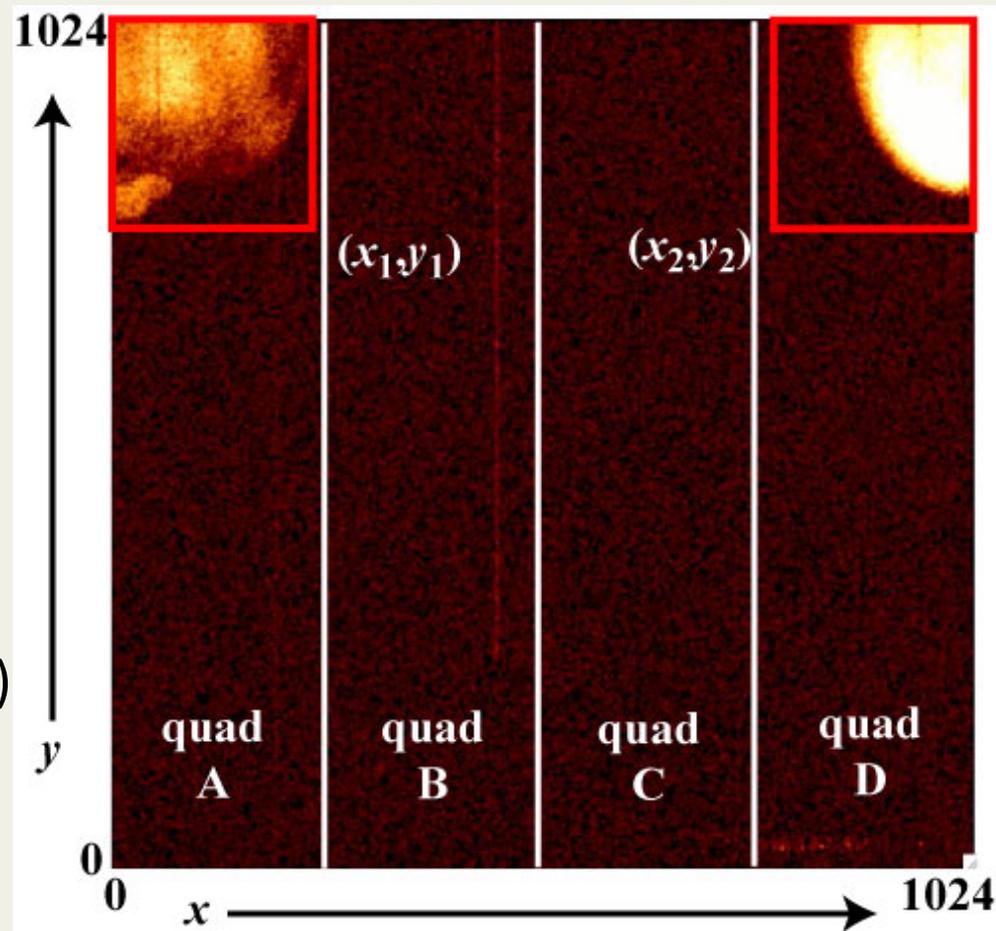


# Outline

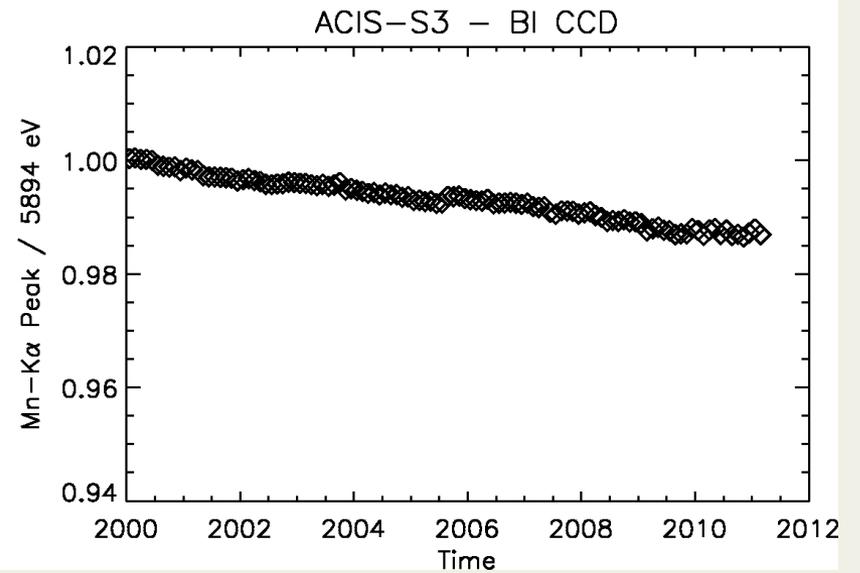
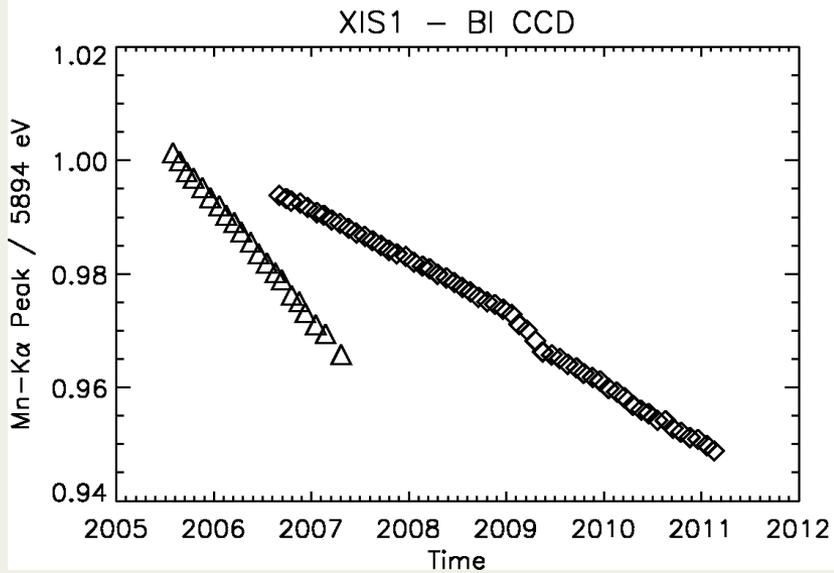
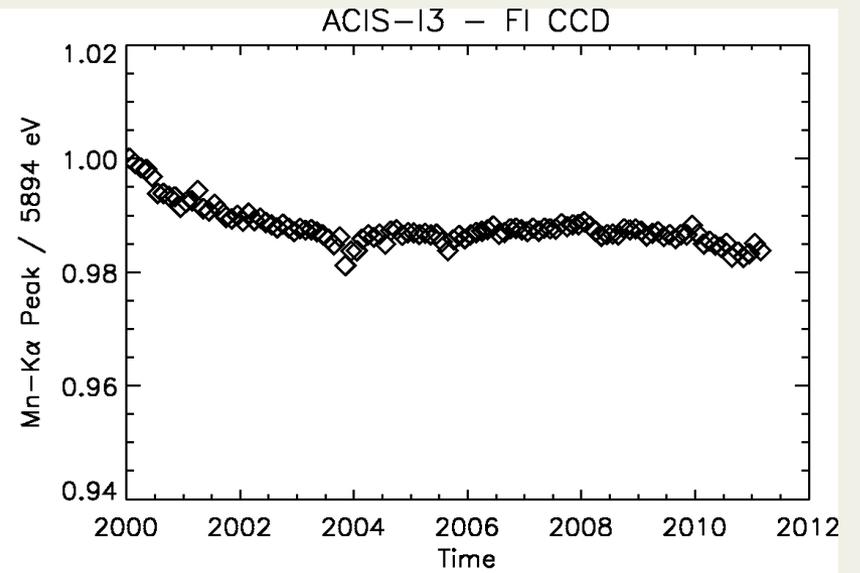
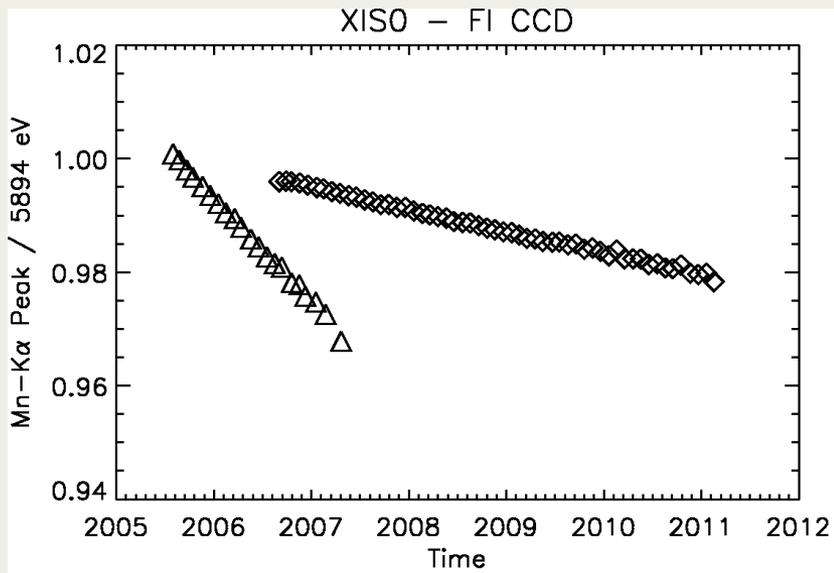
- Compare on-orbit CTI and FWHM evolution of ACIS and XIS
  - Important to duplicate measurement methodology
- Both use related CCDs
  - Pixel sizes, device dimensions
- Operational differences
  - Transfer speeds, frame times (3.2s vs 8s), temperature (-120C vs -90C), charge injection
- Particle backgrounds very different (low vs high Earth orbit)
- Use differences and similarities to help explain CTI and FWHM evolution

# On Calibration Sources and Data

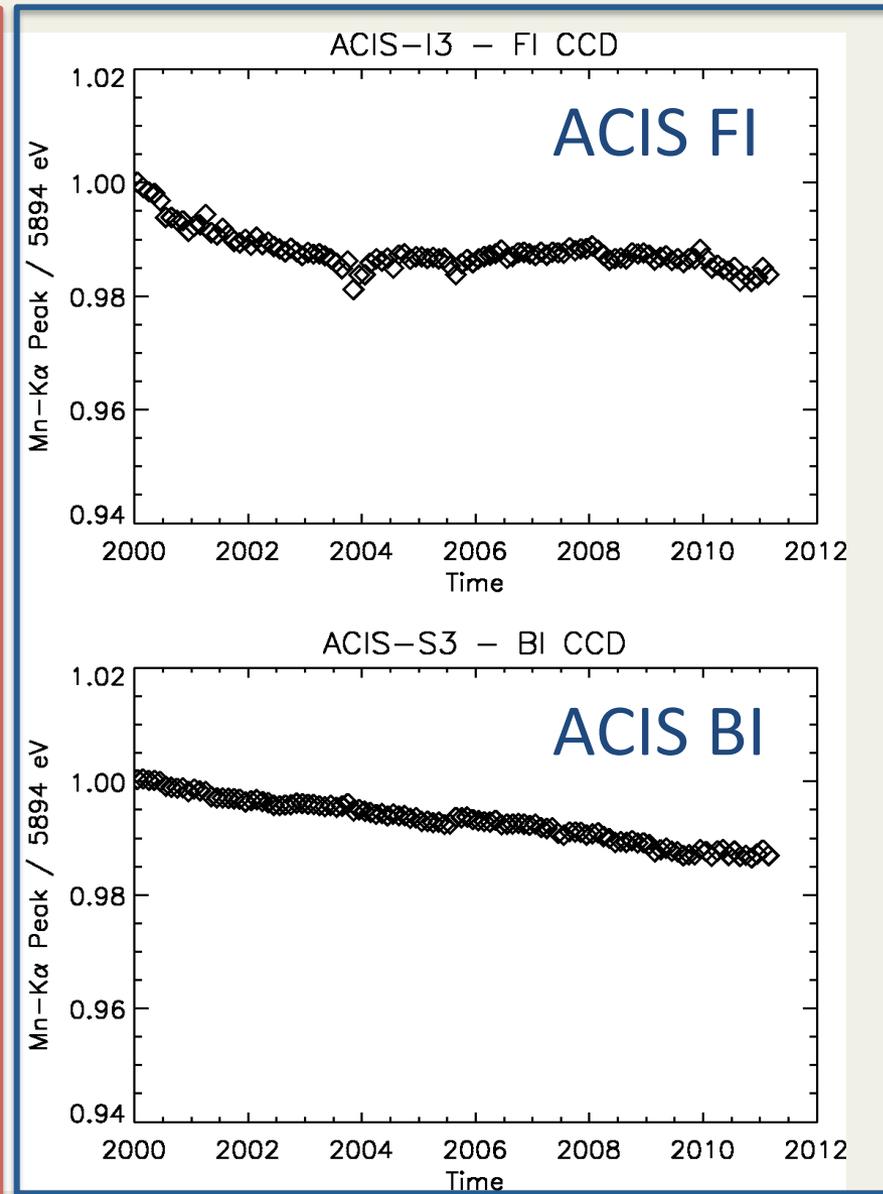
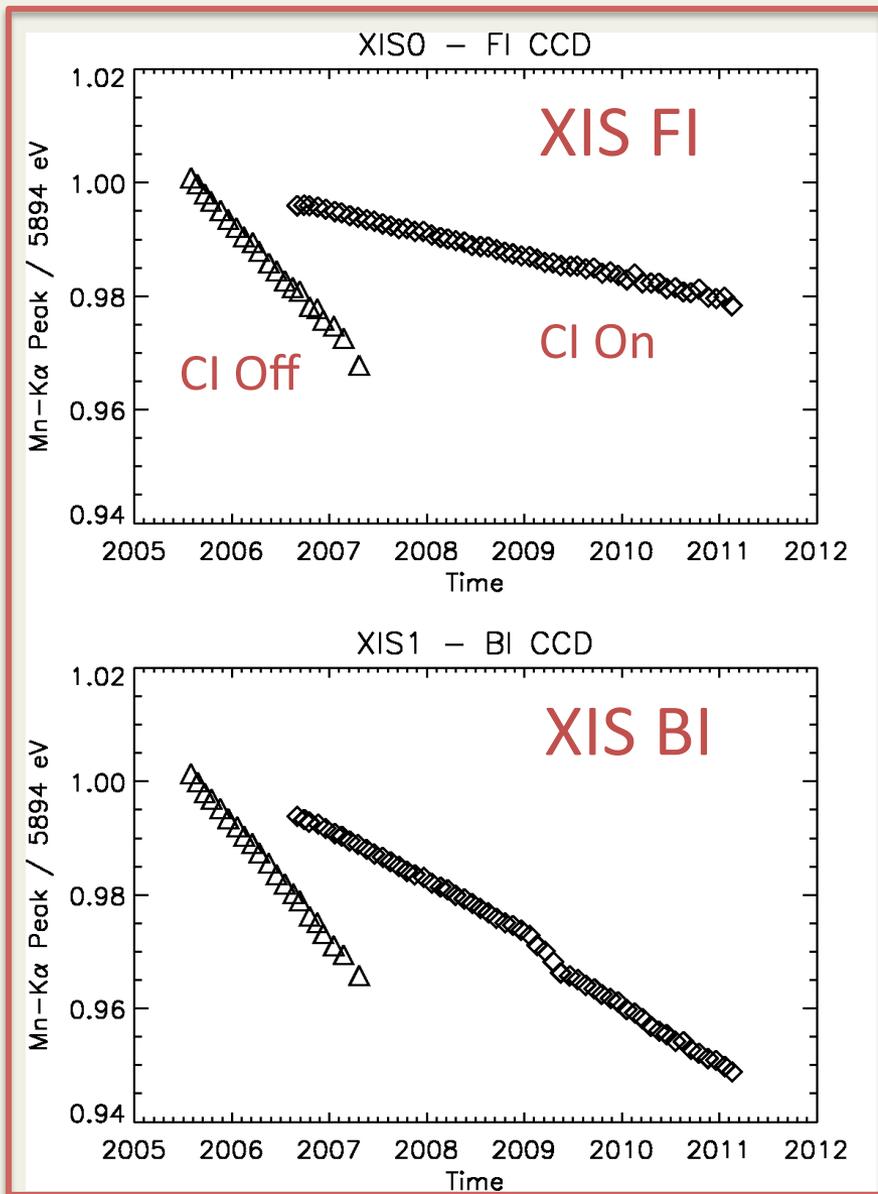
- Both are Fe-55
  - Comparing Mn-K $\alpha$  lines
- Suzaku sources illuminate upper corners, ACIS is uniformly illuminated
  - Using Suzaku regions
- Doesn't allow for true CTI measurement, comparing line centroid and width
- Standard grade filter (G02346)
- Unprocessed eventlists
  - No CTI or gain correction



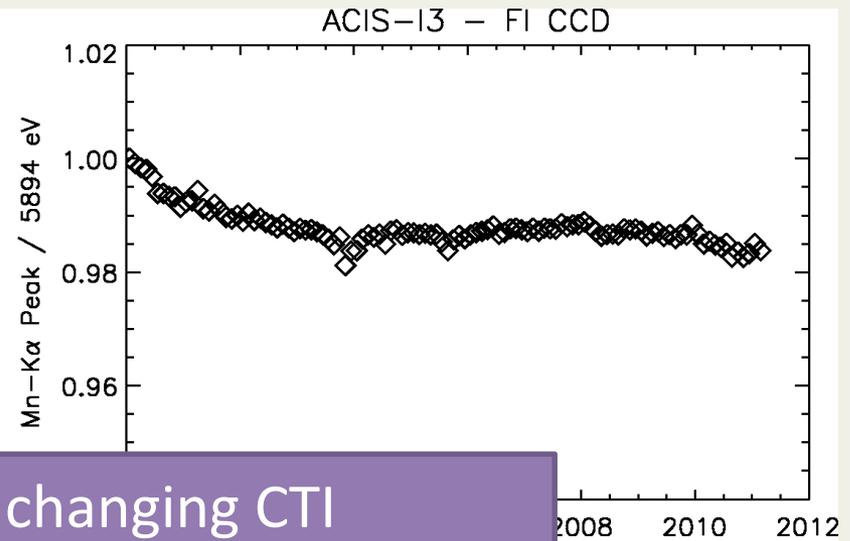
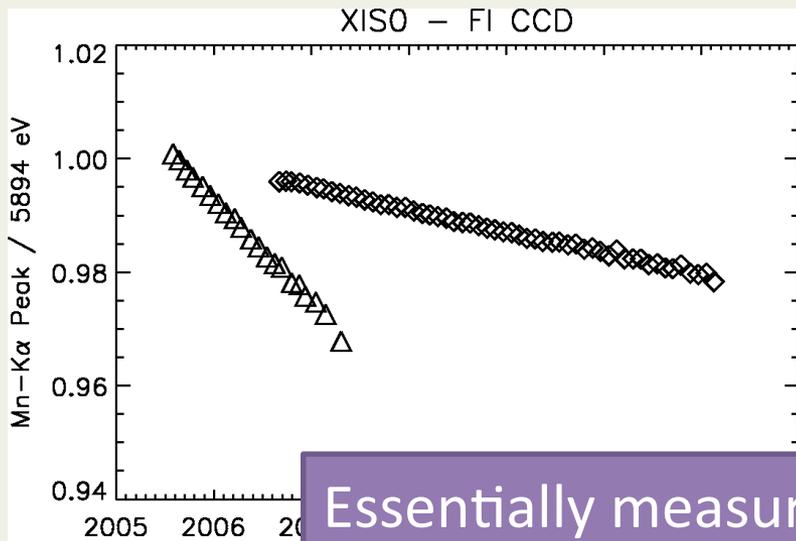
# Line Center Evolution



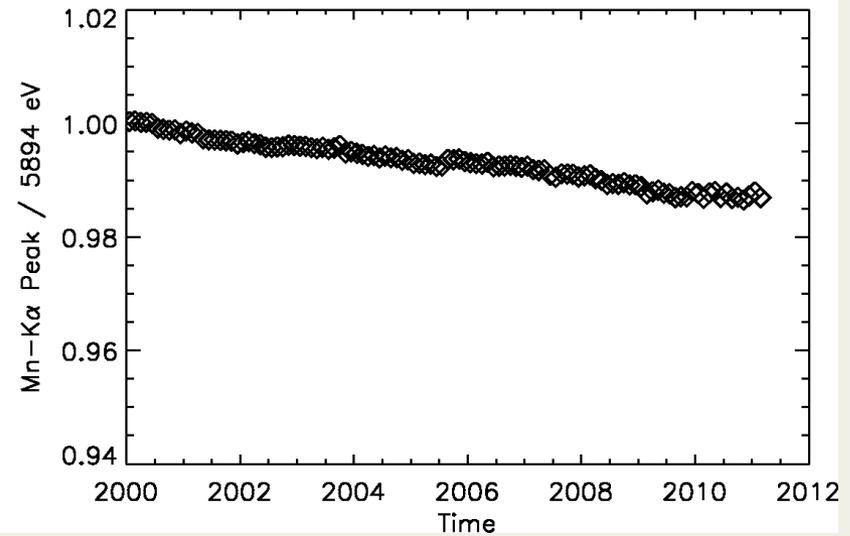
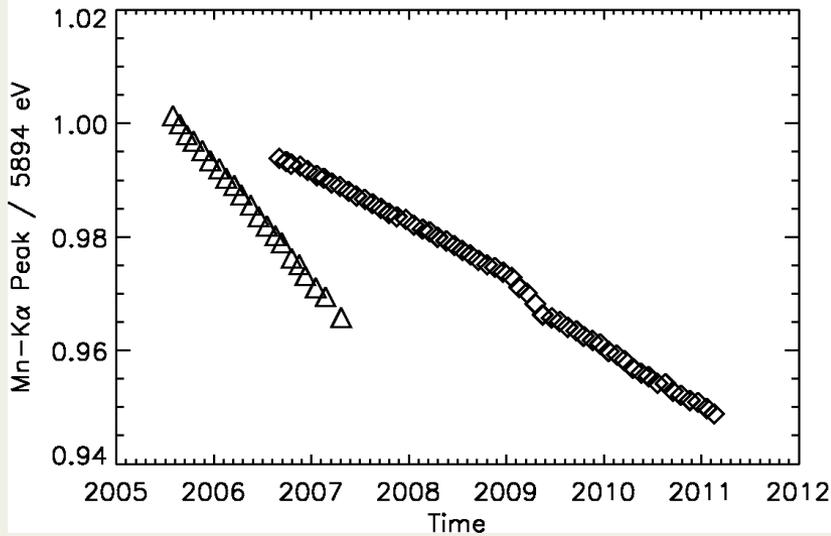
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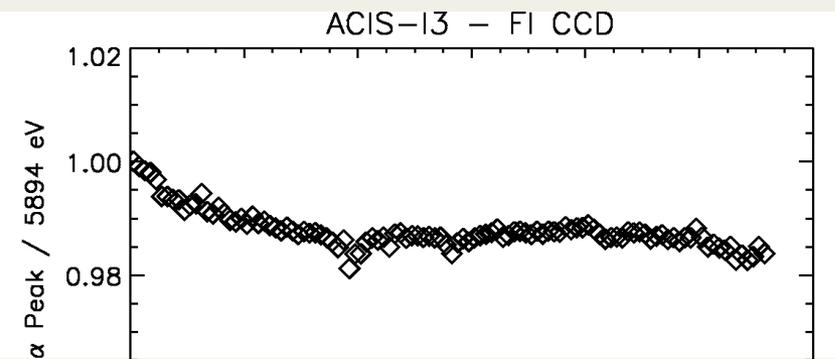
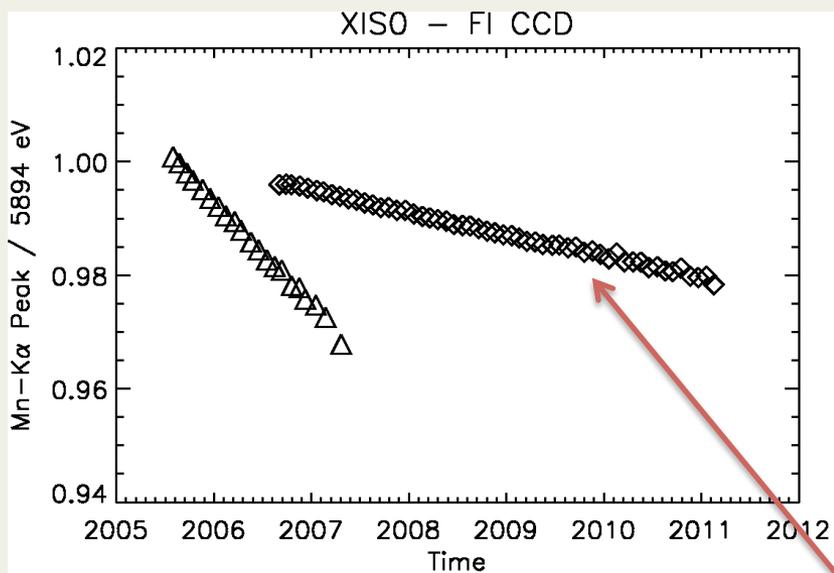
# Line Center Evolution



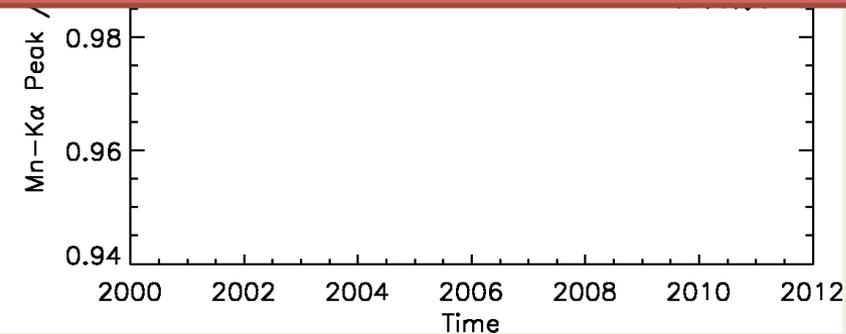
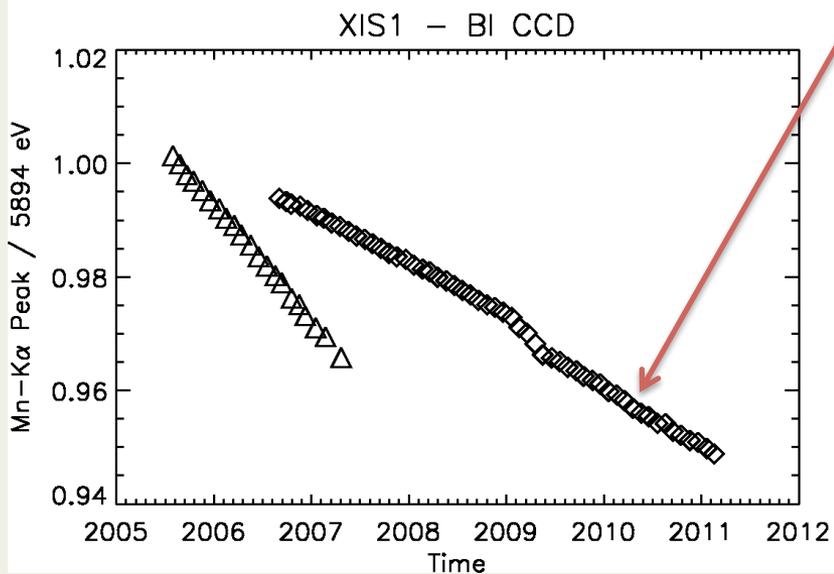
Essentially measures changing CTI  
(Ignore gain changes from other sources)



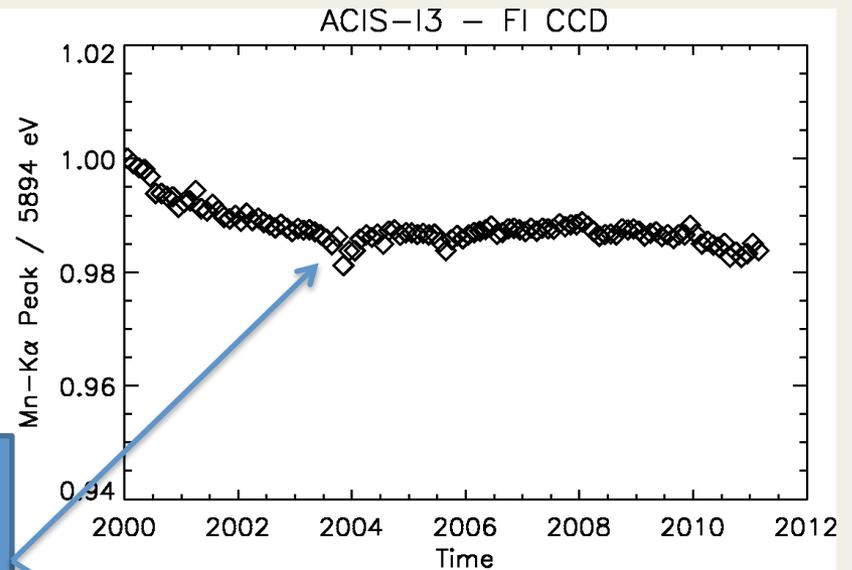
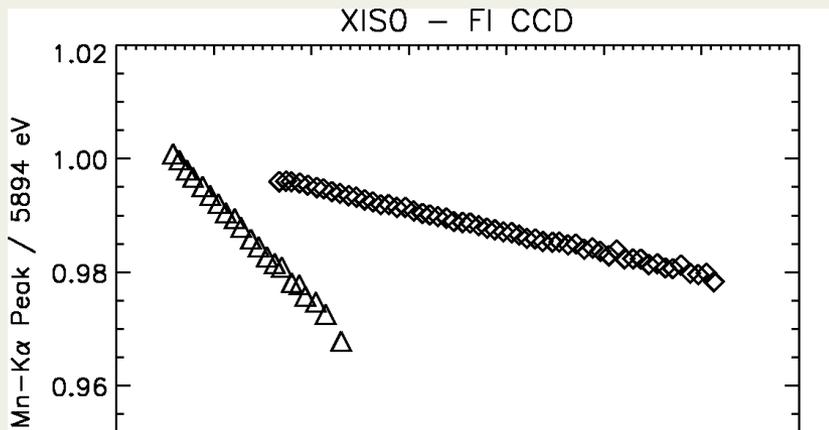
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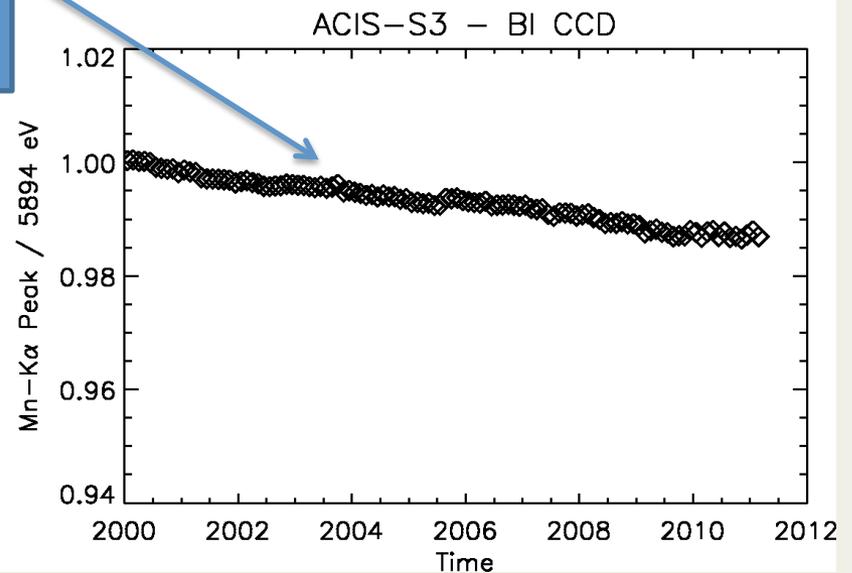
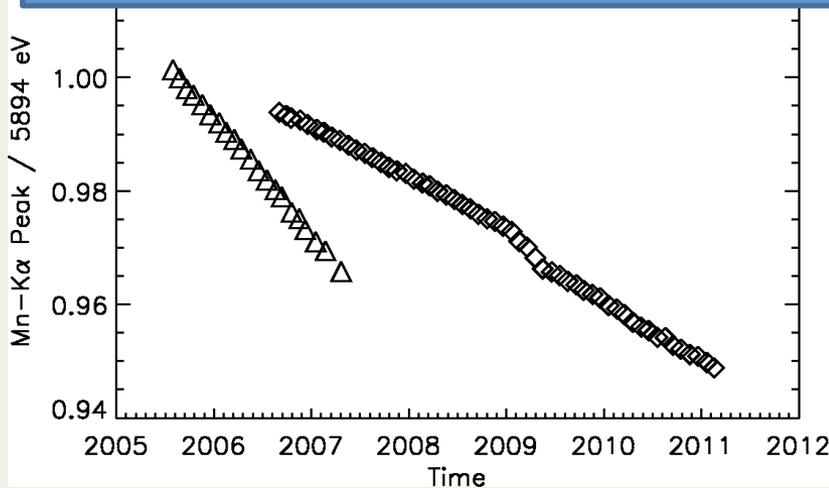
XIS smoothly changing.  
Particle background stable on long timescales.  
Charge injection improves CTI.  
Reduces dCTI/dt.  
Also contributes to smoothness?



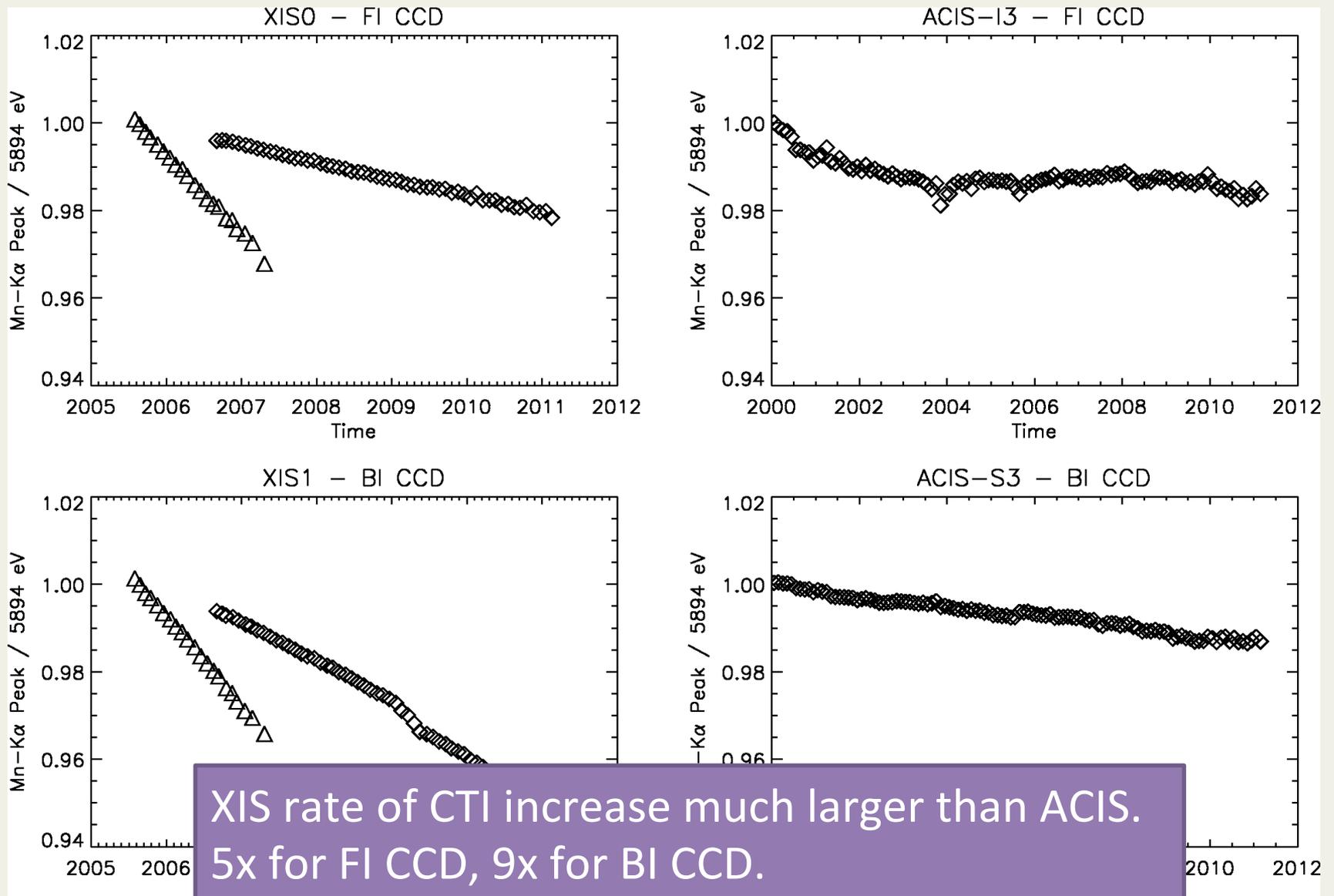
# Line Center Evolution



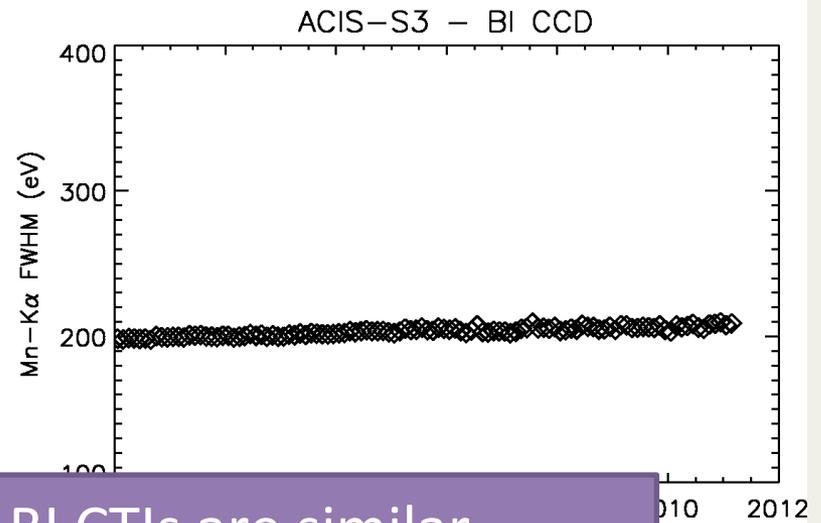
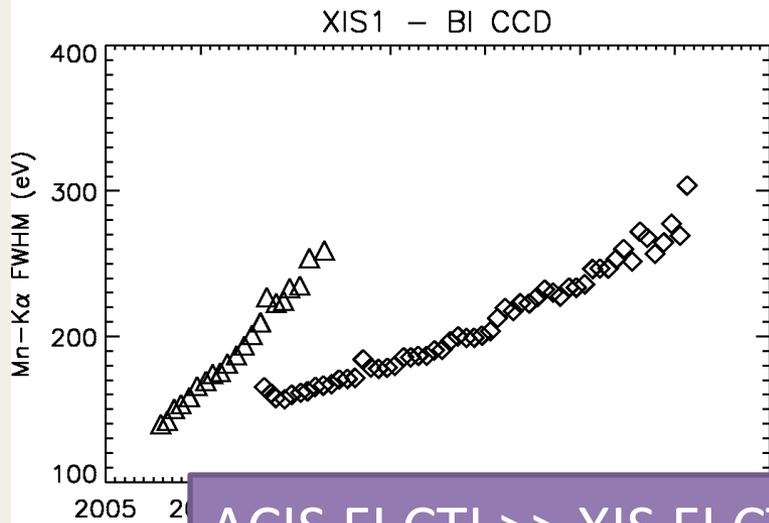
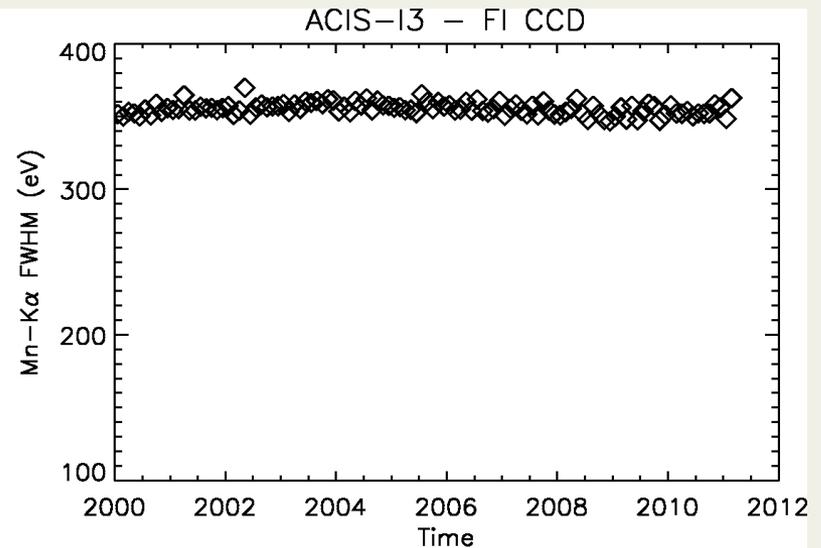
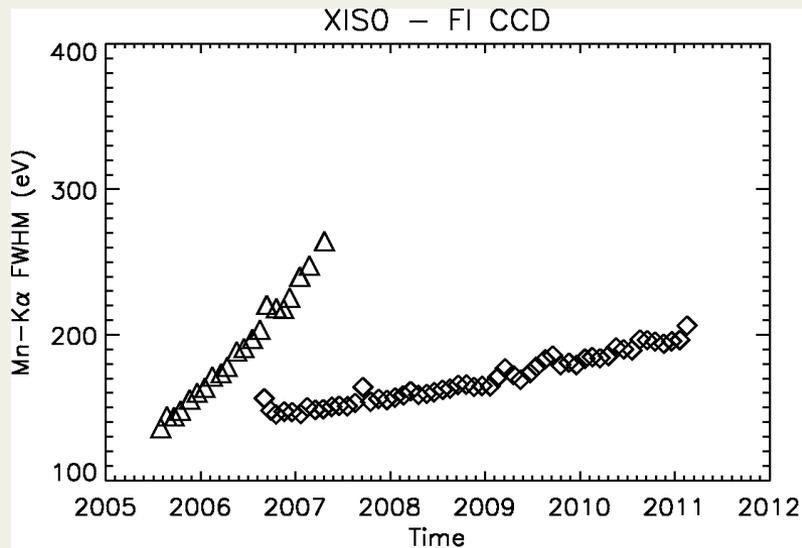
ACIS more irregular.  
Particle background dependent  
on solar cycle and activity.



# Line Center Evolution

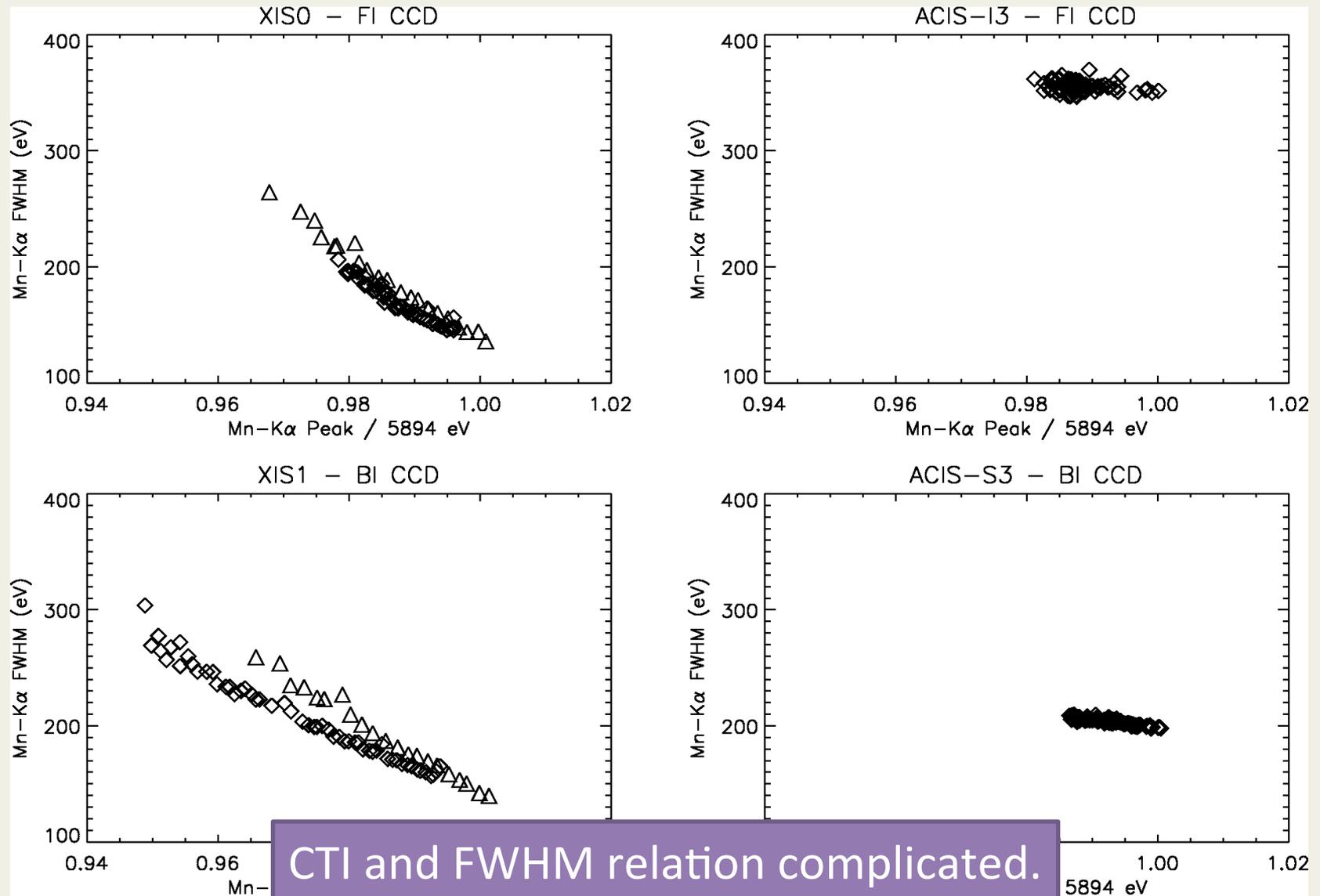


# Line Width Evolution



ACIS FI CTI  $\gg$  XIS FI CTI. BI CTIs are similar.  
ACIS FWHM mostly flat. XIS FWHM is increasing.

# Line Width Evolution



CTI and FWHM relation complicated.  
ACIS and XIS behave differently.

# Some Initial Observations

- XIS smoothly changing
  - Low-earth orbit plus charge injection
  - Sacrificial charge is stable on month timescales
- $dCTI/dt$ ,  $XIS > ACIS$ 
  - High-earth orbit has different particle energy distribution, can hide from low-energy particles?
  - Or is this temperature-dependent? Low temperatures  $\rightarrow$  Low  $dCTI/dt$
- $dCTI/dt$  &  $dFWHM/dt$  relation is complicated
- Future work
  - CTI & FWHM dependence on sacrificial charge
    - Cut-off rigidity for XIS, Particle background for ACIS

