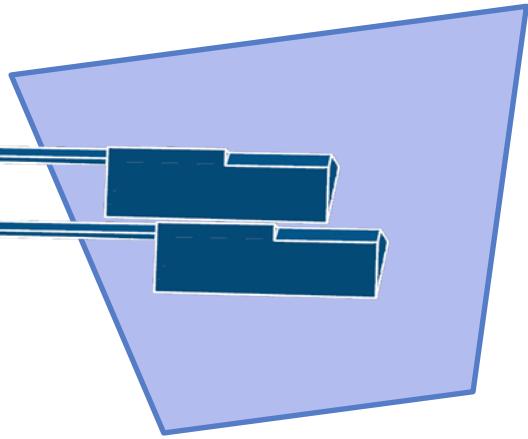
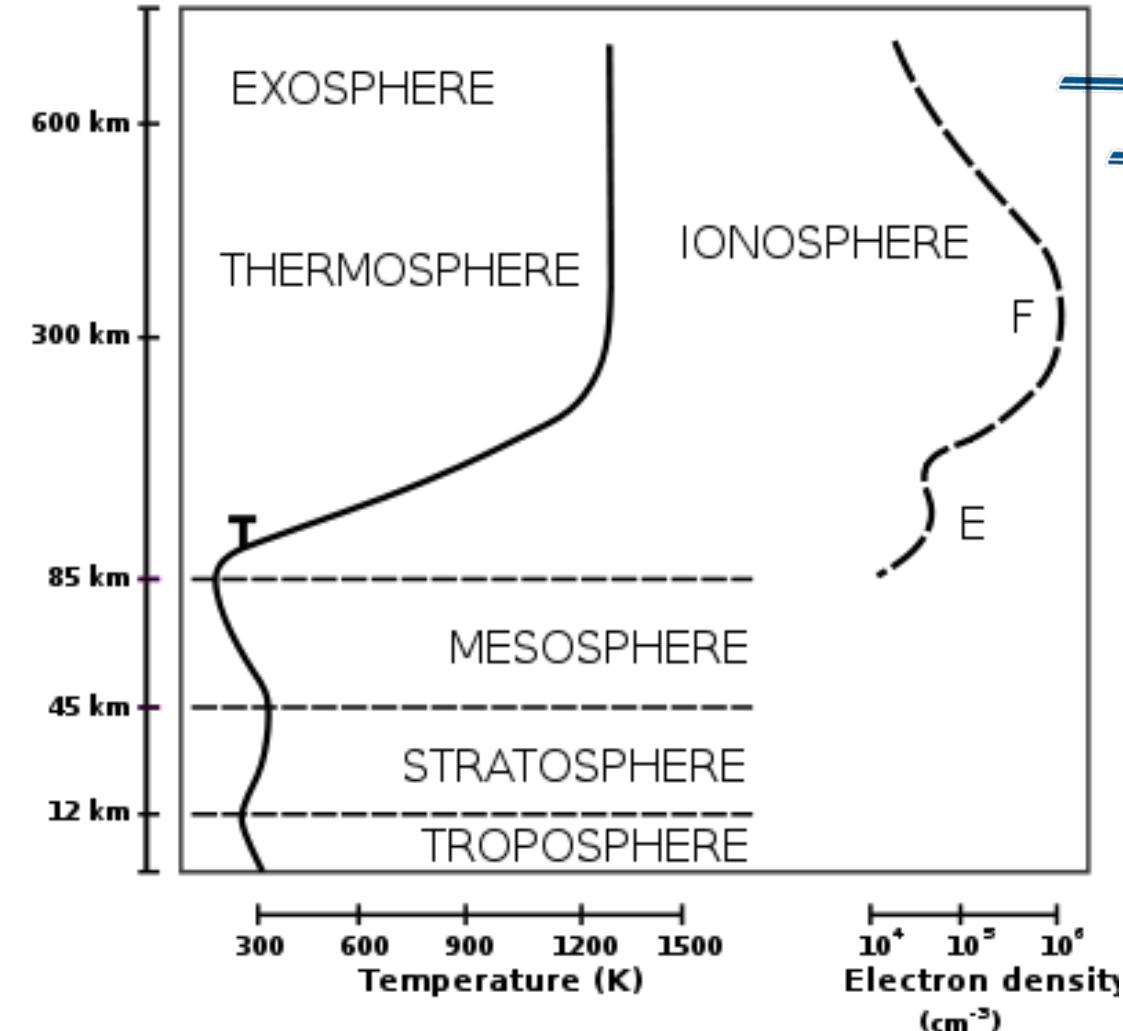


Incoherent Scatter Radar versus In-Situ Measurements

David Knudsen
University of Calgary

Acknowledgement:
Johnathan Burchill
Bill Archer



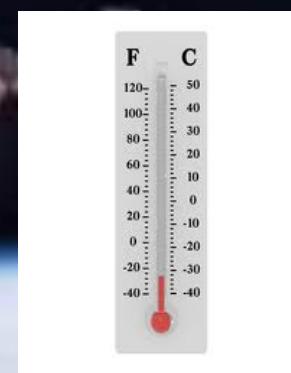


Want to measure
 n_e , \mathbf{v}_i , T_e , T_i , others...



Why bother with ground-based remote sensing in the space age?

Wind and temperature measurements...



Wind and temperature measurements...



THE ROBINSON ANEROMETER



In-situ versus ISR: Pros and cons

	ISR	Satellite
1. Spatial resolution	1-10 km	< 1 km (or meters for E-fields)
2. Spatial coverage	100's by 100's km, but fixed	global, but 1-D
3. Time resolution	10's-100's seconds	<10 ms – 1 s
4. Steerability	Yes	No
5. Dwell time	Indefinite	none

In-situ versus ISR: Pros and cons

	ISR	Satellite
5. Basic parameters	n_e, v_i, T_i, T_e	n_e, v_i, T_i, T_e
6. Ion composition	derived or assumed	direct*
7. Electric fields	derived from $v_i \times B$	direct or derived from $v_i \times B$
8. Magnetic fields	N/A	✓
9. Electric currents	Σqnv	Σqnv or $\text{curl } \times B$
10. Cost per year	several M\$	50+ M\$

In-situ versus ISR: Pros and cons

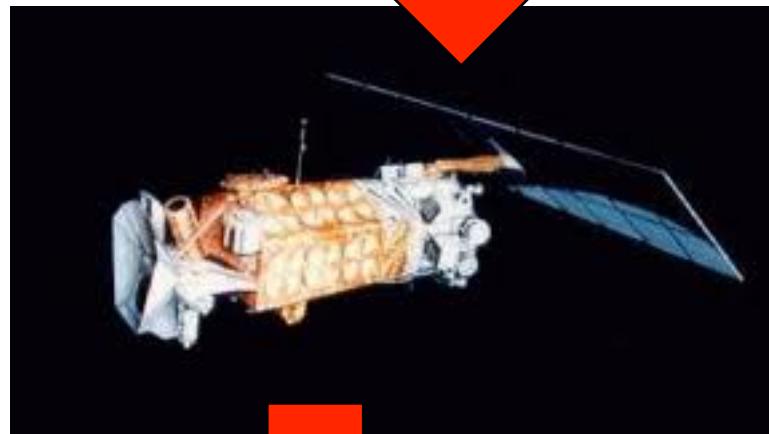
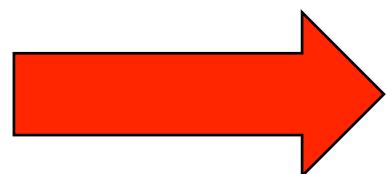
	ISR	Satellite
11. Errors	Noisy but with low bias (e.g.: Doppler vel., plasma line-derived density)	Susceptible to large systematic errors

Major error sources:

1) Uncertain spacecraft floating potential

Error sensitivity: ~80 m/s per 0.1 V
for ram velocity

rammed
plasma
(ions and e-)



auroral
electrons

Solar UV

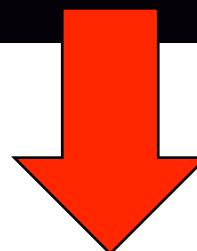


photo-
electrons

Major error sources:

2) Space attitude uncertainty

Sensitivity: 130 m/s per degree
for cross-track velocity.

3) Ion composition uncertainty (e.g. N+ vs. O+)

Error sensitivity: ~250m/s per a.m.u.
(ram component)

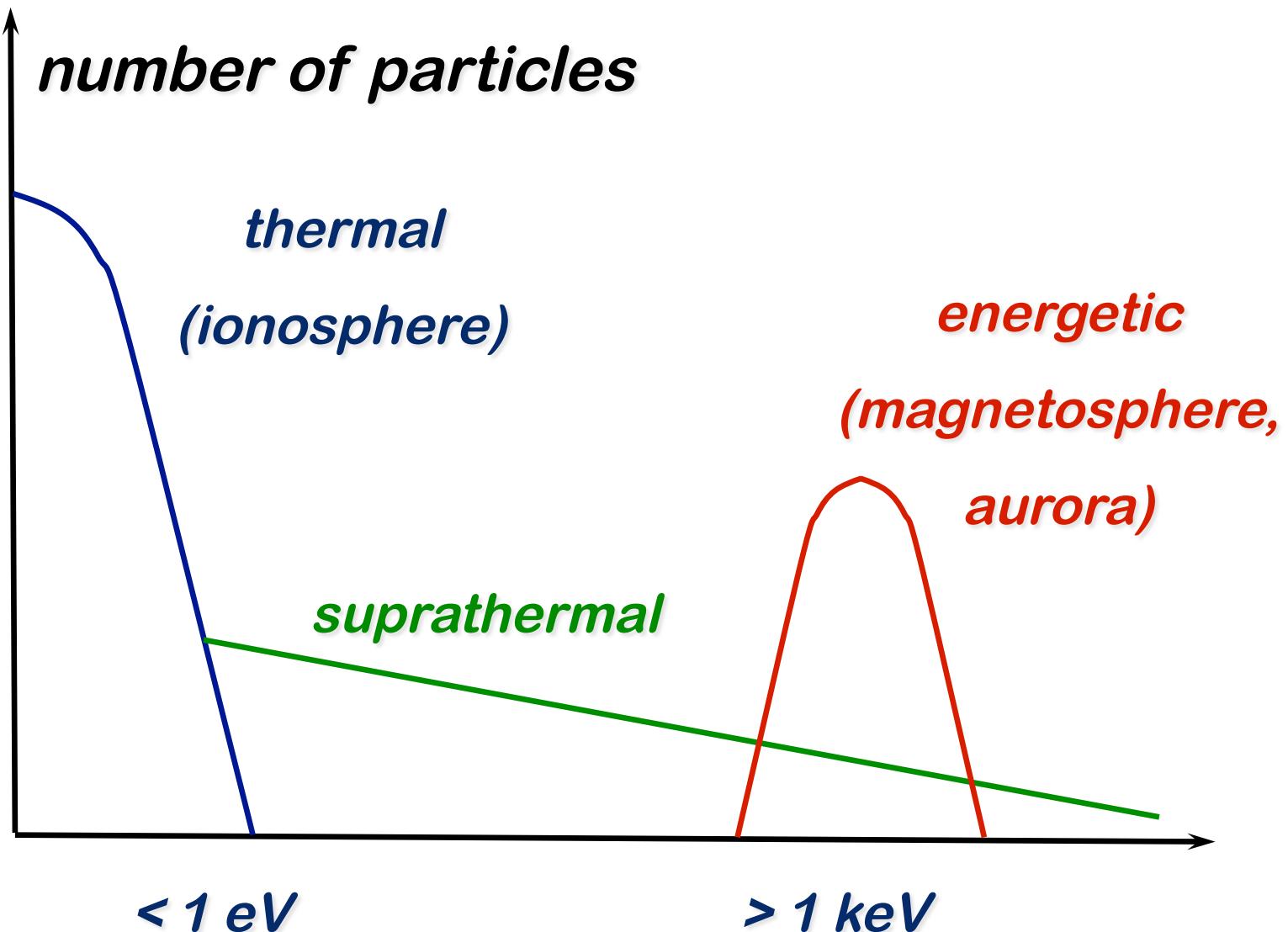
4) Spacecraft sheaths and wakes

5) and many others...

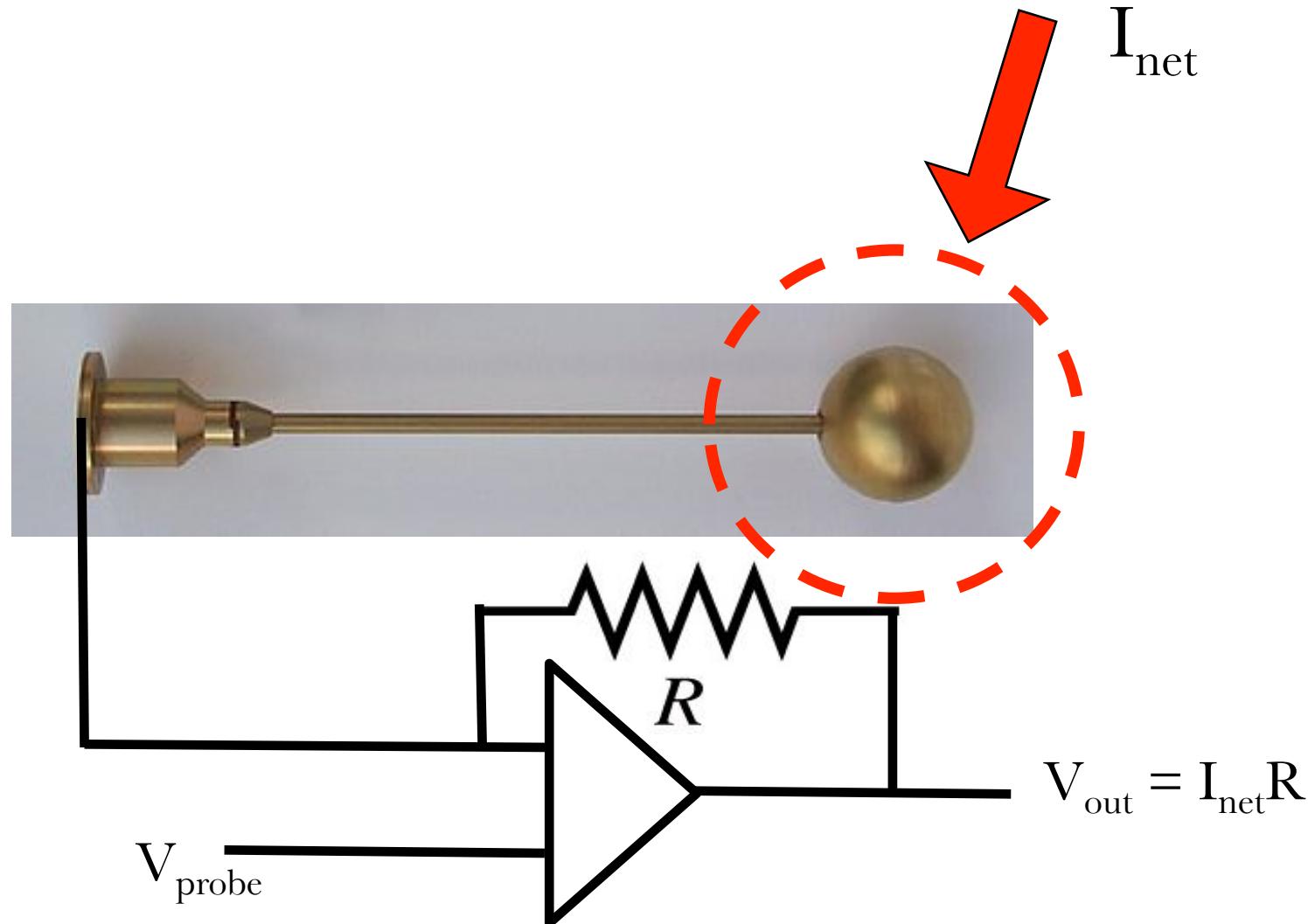
In-situ Techniques for ionospheric plasma

- Langmuir probe
- Ion drift meter (IDM) and retarding potential analyzer (RPA):
→ used on DE 1&2DMSP, ROCSAT, C/NOFS, others
- Thermal ion imaging 

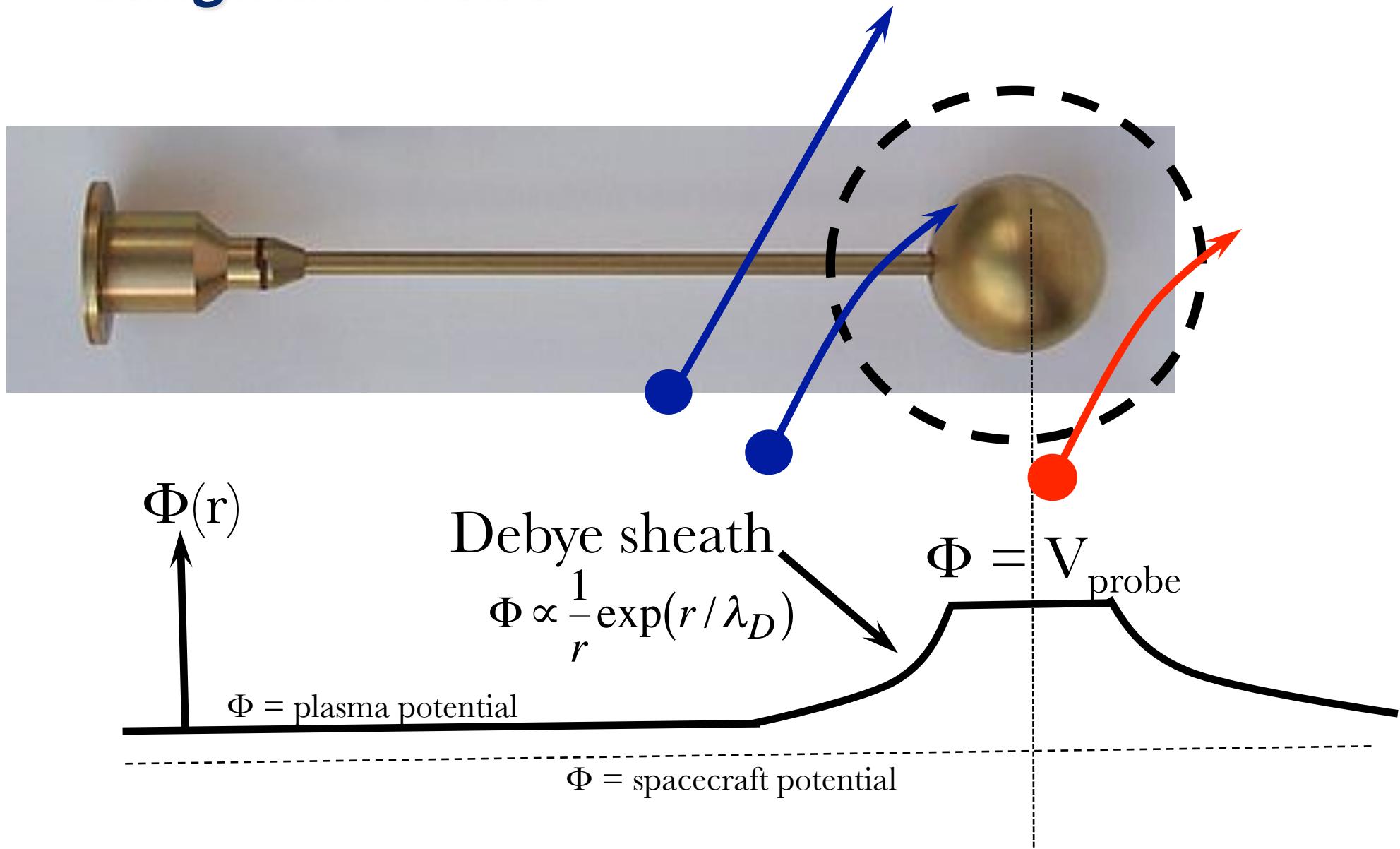
Charged particle populations in near-earth space



Langmuir Probe



Langmuir Probe



Langmuir Probe Current

$$I \propto \sum_j N_j \iiint_{A,E,\Omega} E^2 \hat{n} \cdot \hat{\Omega} f_j(E) dA dE d\vec{\Omega}$$

density of species “j”

“capture” surface

surface normal

distribution function f , species “j”

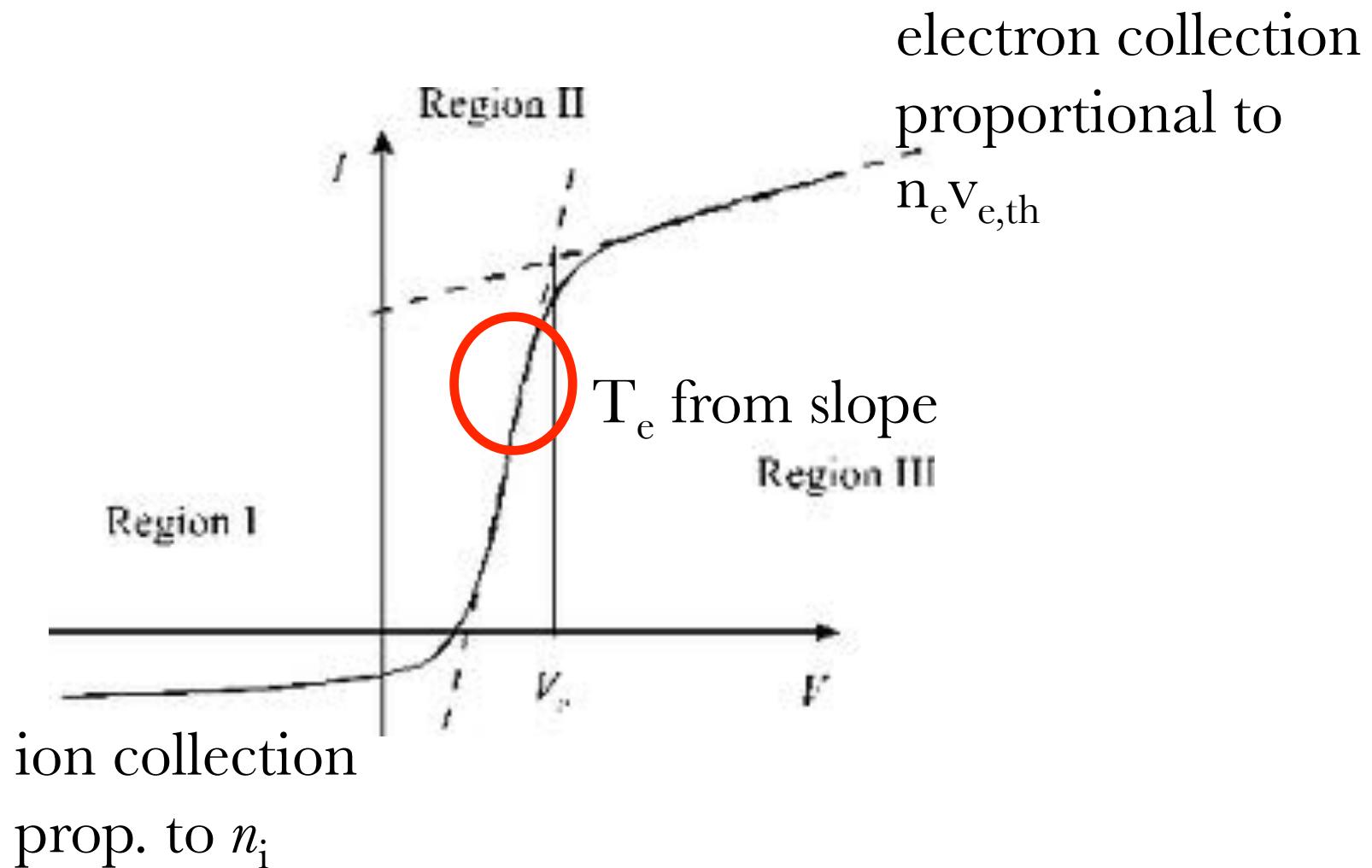
energy E

solid angle

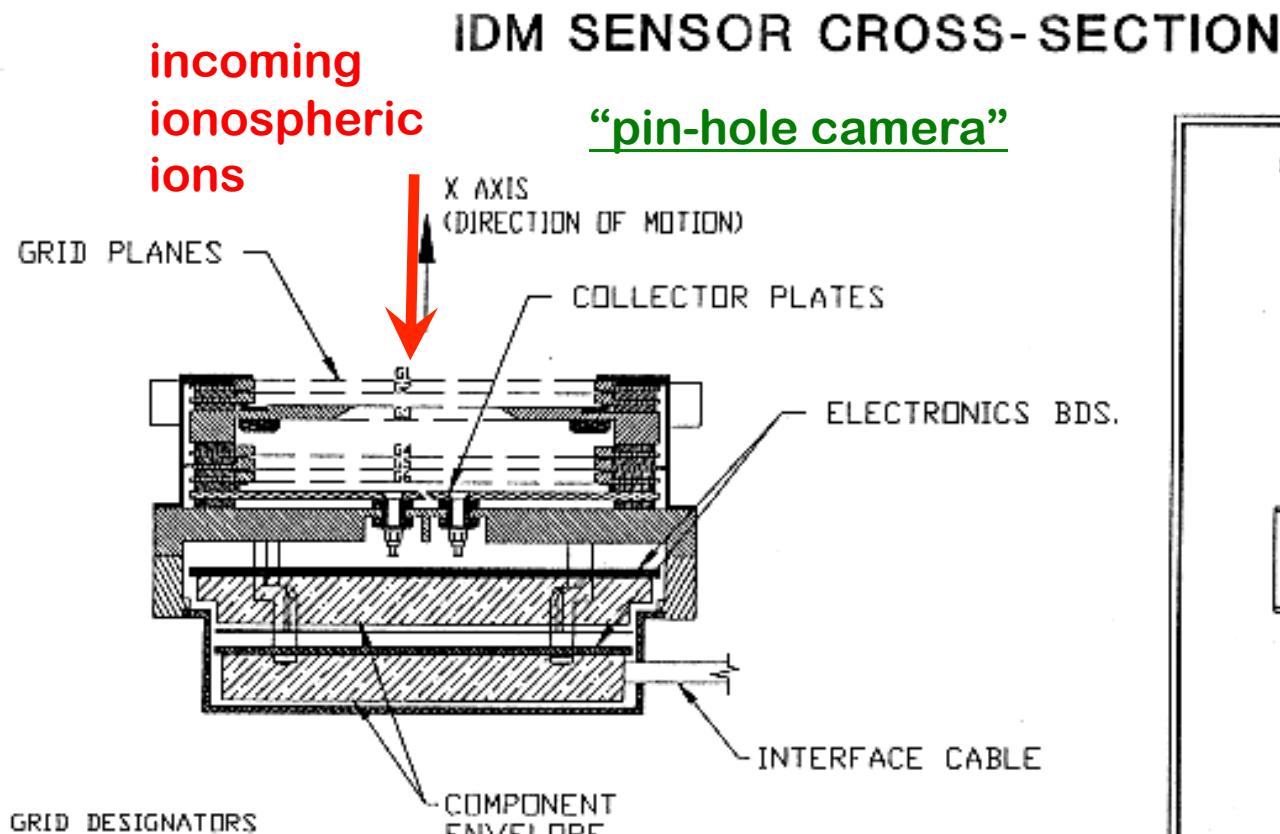
→ Integrate over all accessible energies and trajectories...

Langmuir I-V curve

chm.bris.ac.uk

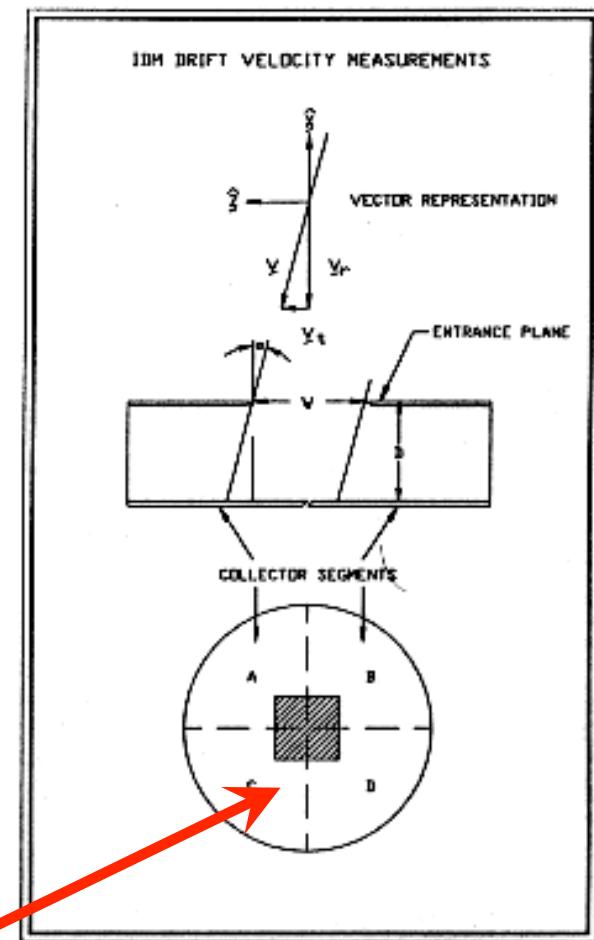


State of the art, 1960's to 1990's



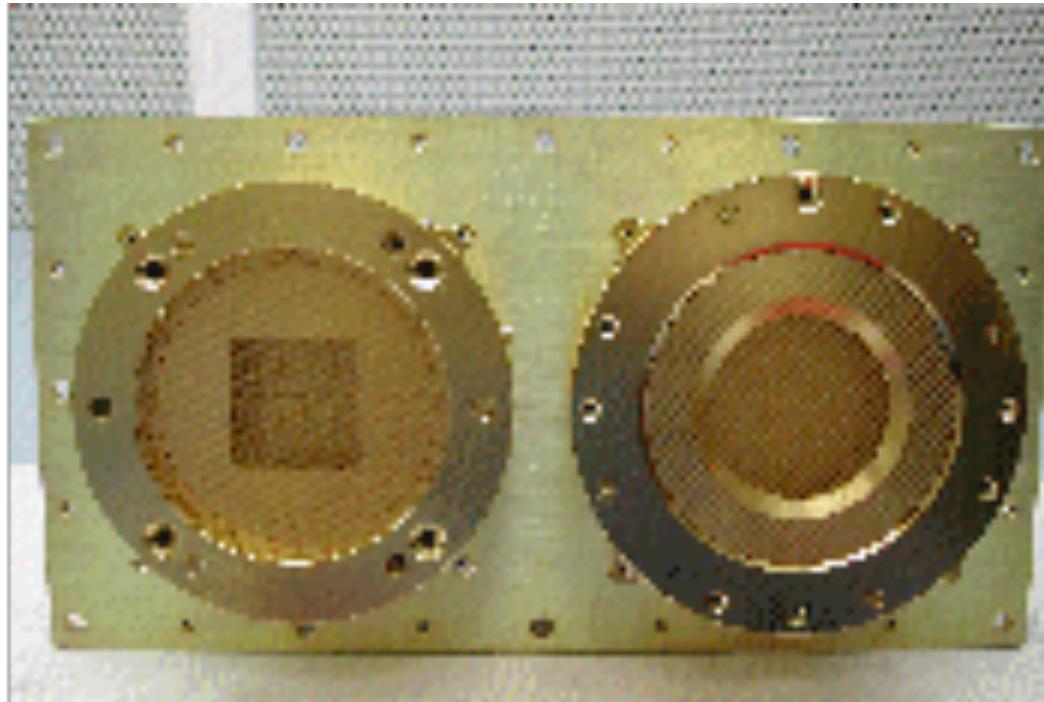
G1- INPUT
G2- RETARDING
G3- APERTURE
G4- SHIELD
G5- SHIELD
G6- SUPPRESSOR
(ALL 20 LINES/CM)

4 anode "pixels" determine arrival angle of incoming ions



W. Hanson, R. Heelis,
Univ. Texas at Dallas

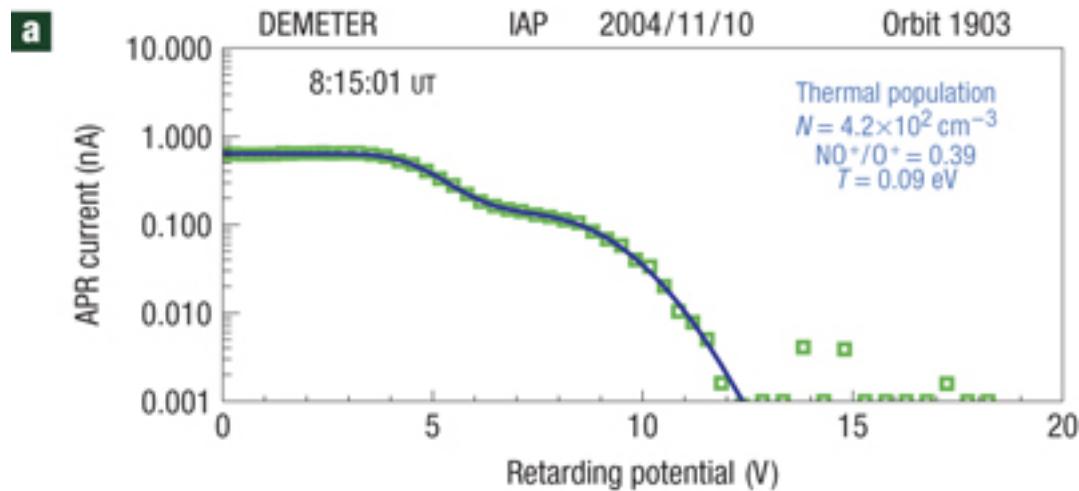
Retarding potential analyzer



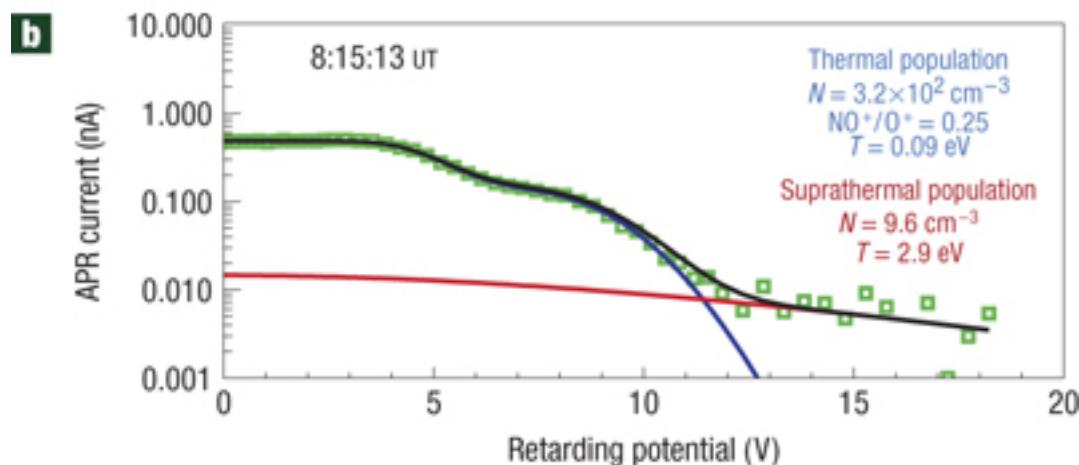
Vary screen potential to measure energy to stop rammed ions.

$$q[V_{\text{screen}} + V_{\text{spacecraft}} = (m_i/2)[v_{\text{spacecraft}} + v_{\text{wind, ram}}]^2]$$

RPA example

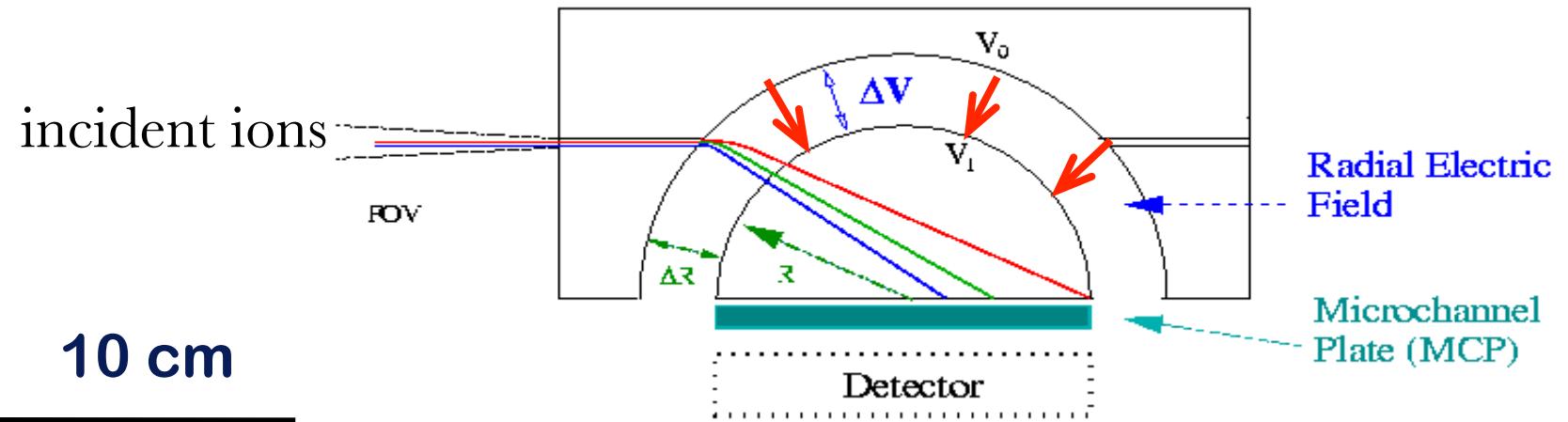


Disadvantage: Sweep time (~ 1 s) limits resolution

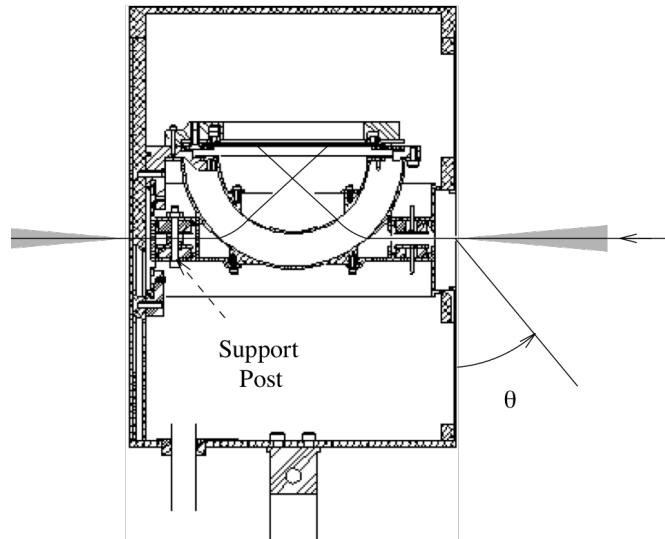


Berthelier et al., Nature Geoscience, 2008

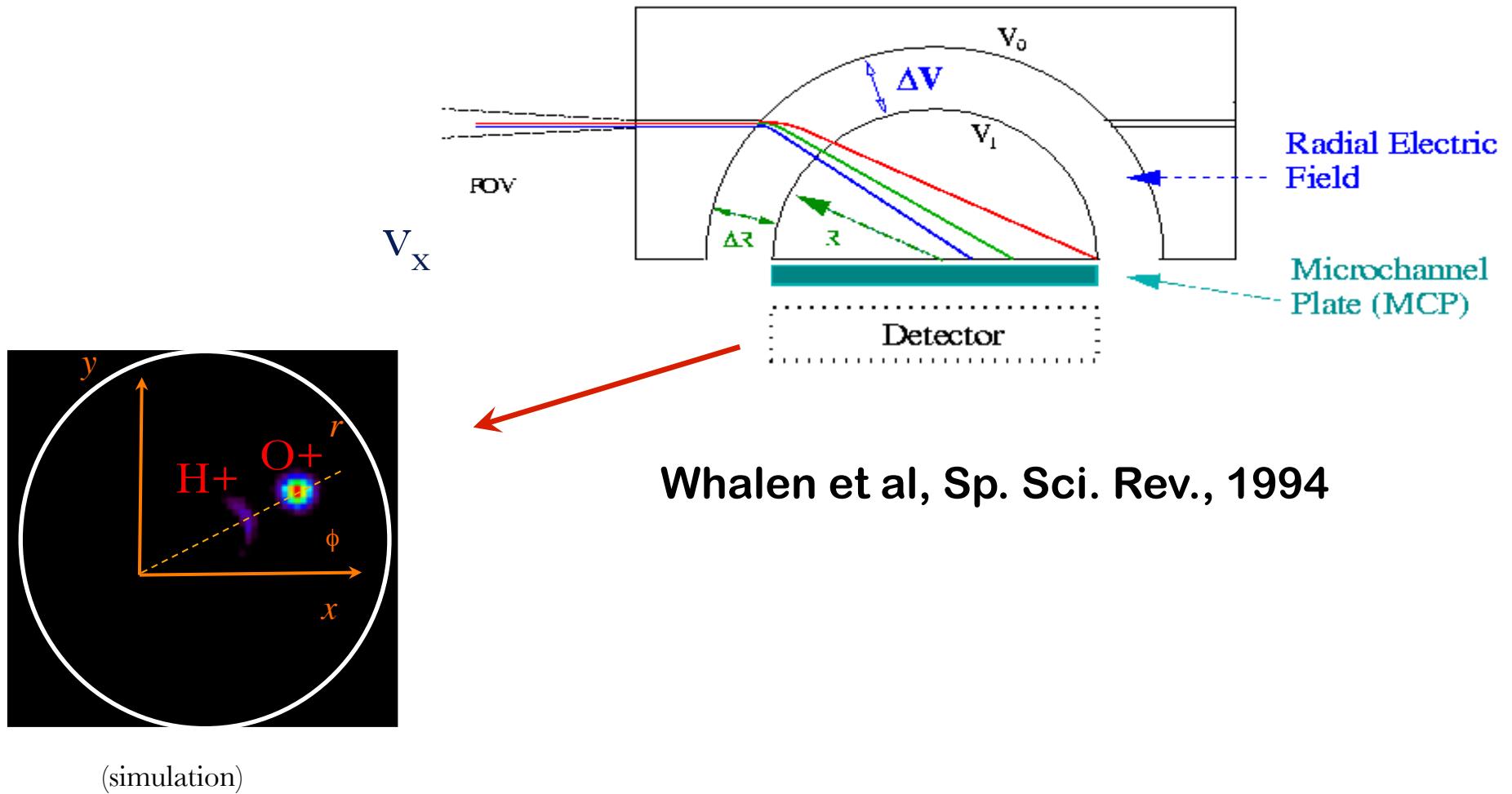
Distribution Function Imaging



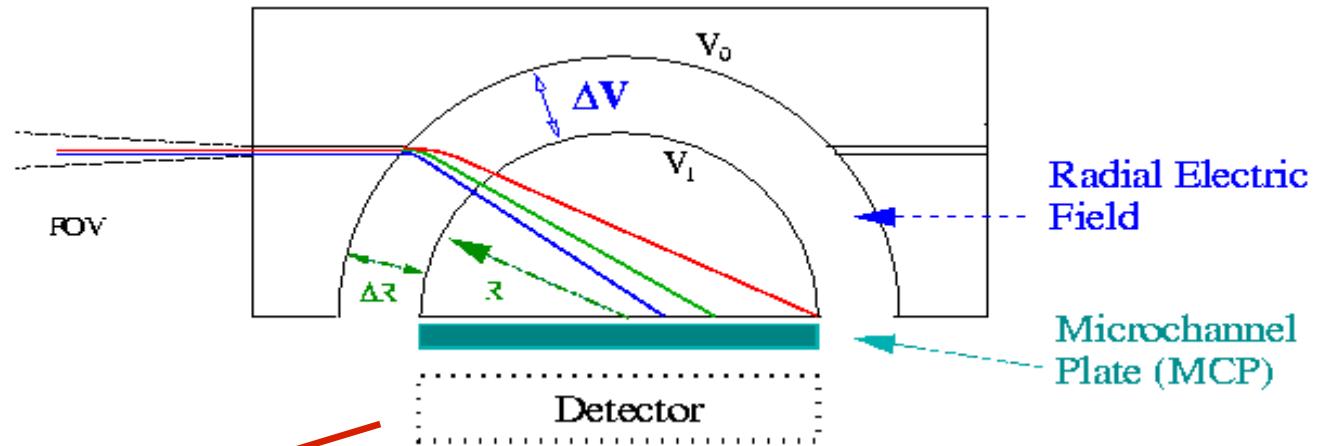
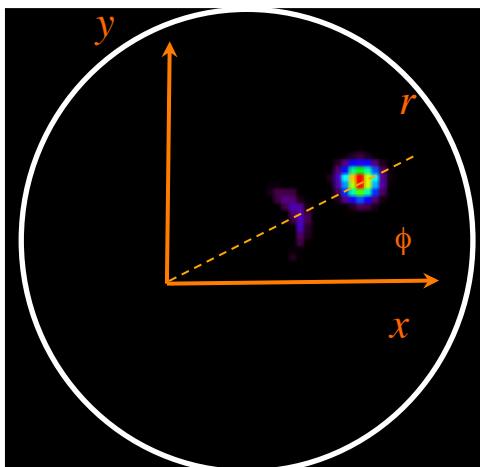
Whalen et al, Sp. Sci. Rev., 1994



Ion Distribution Imaging



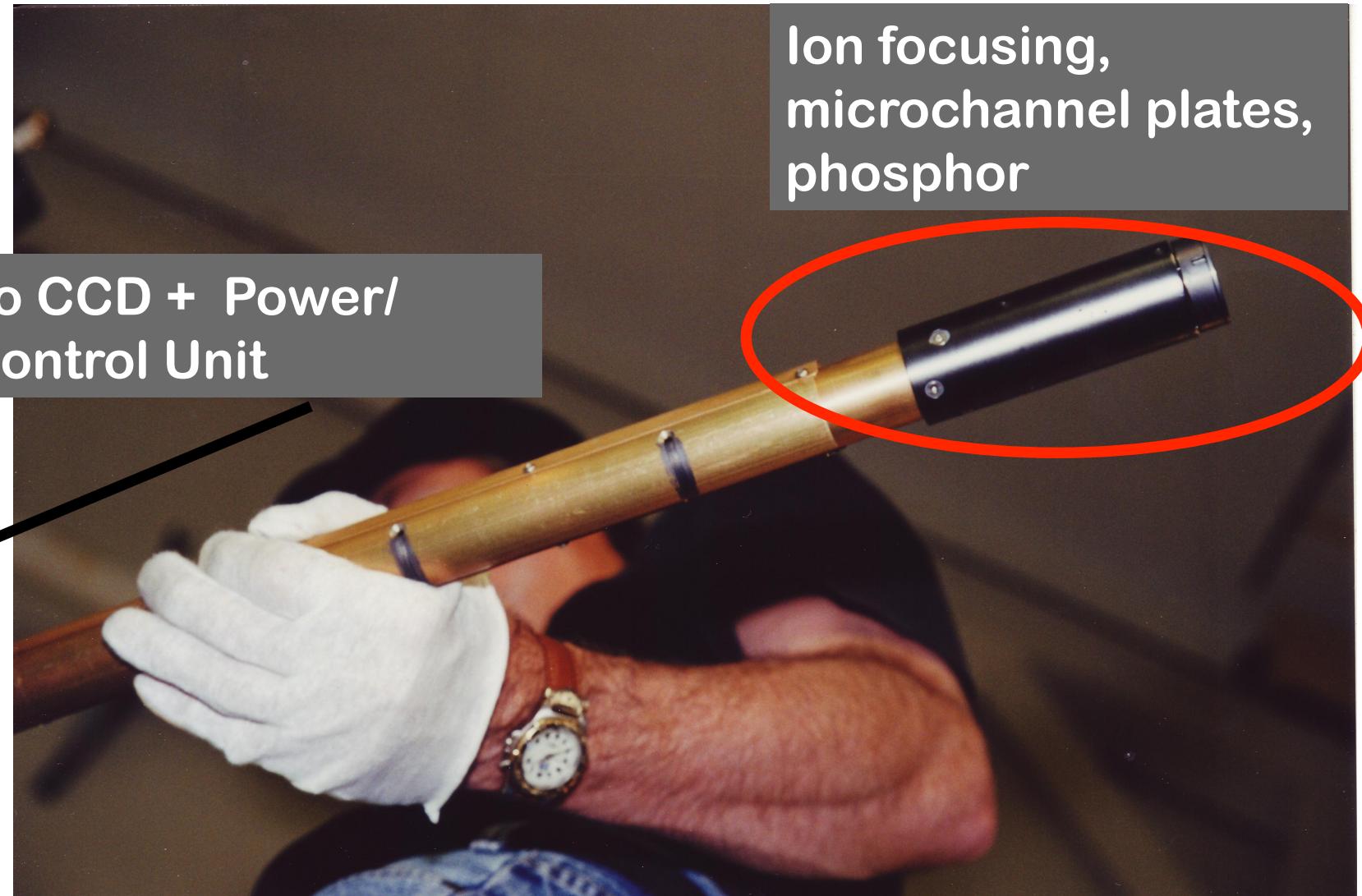
Ion Distribution Imaging



(simulation)

- velocity (2-D)
 - $E = -vxB$
- temperature
- anisotropies

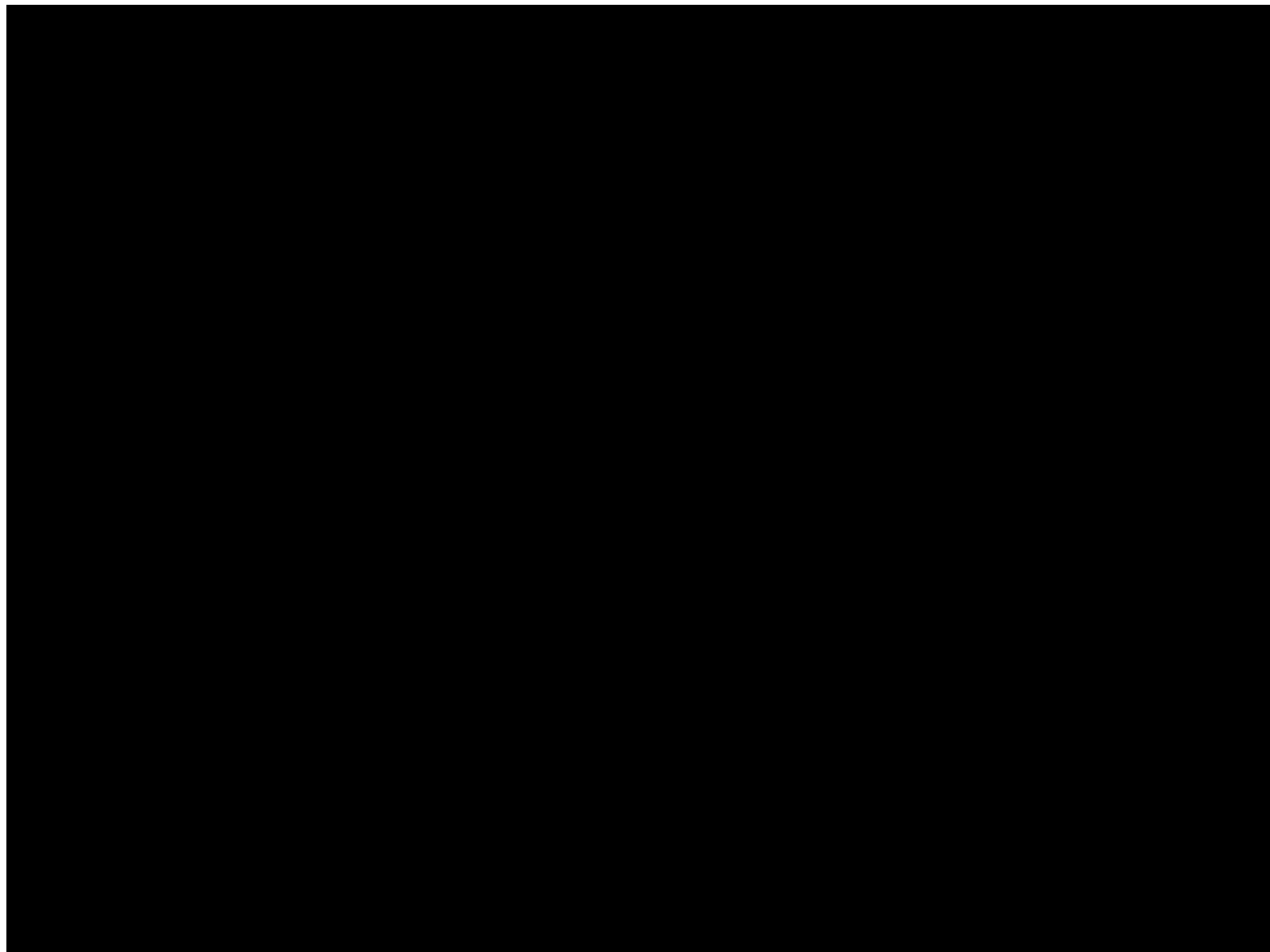
The GEODESIC Suprathermal Ion Imager (2000)



The GEODESIC Suprathermal Ion Imager (2000)



GEODESIC – 93 images/s – 990 km altitude:



JOULE II – 19 January 2007



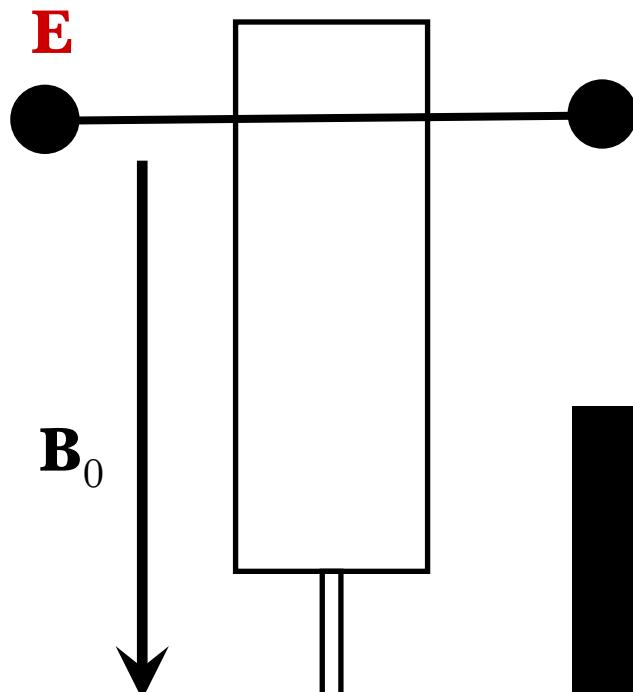
THE AEROSPACE
CORPORATION



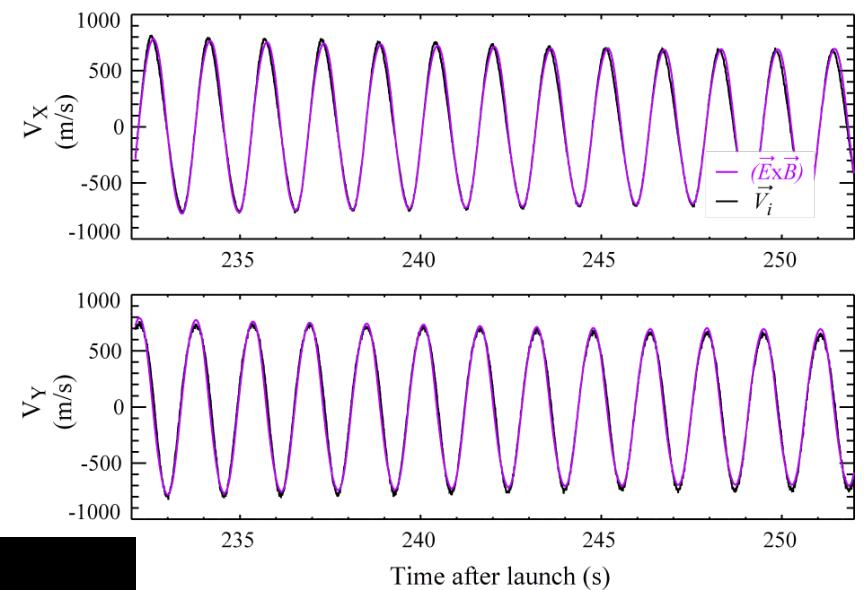
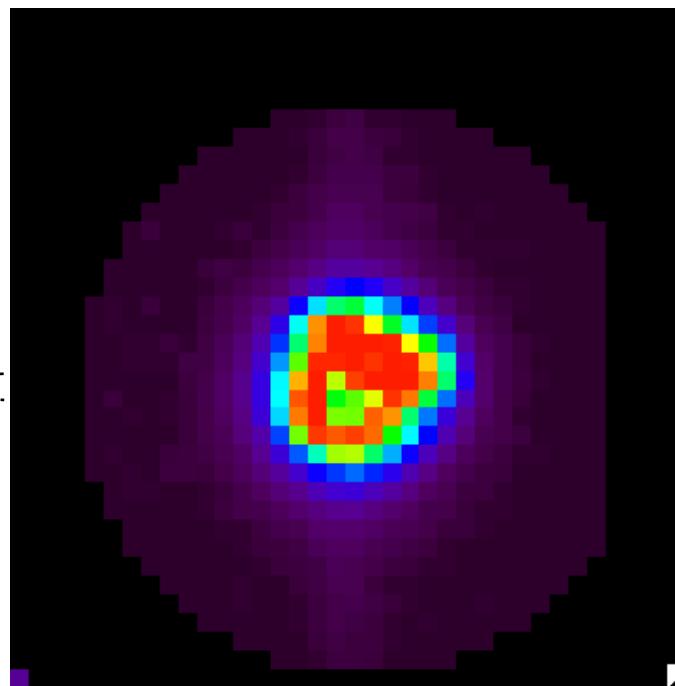
UNIVERSITY OF
CALGARY



Case II – Sensor Deployed Parallel to Spin Axis



JOULE-II
21.138
Downleg



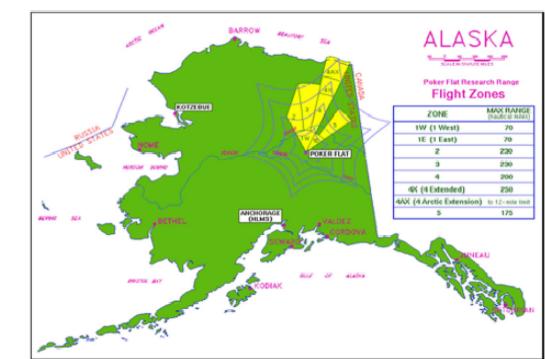
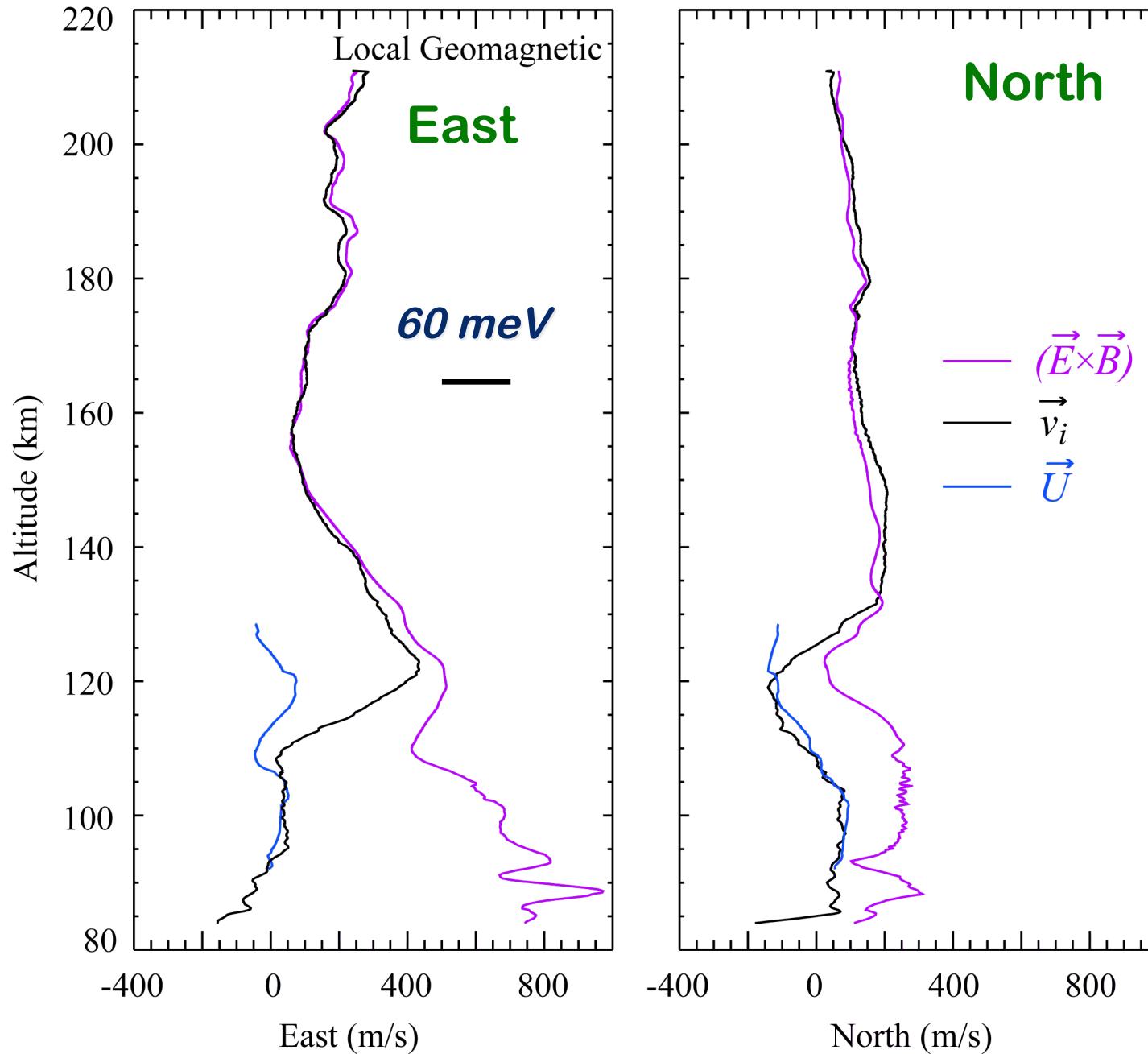
Electric field data: Robert Pfaff and Doug Rowland, NASA GSFC

Sangalli et al,
J. Geophys. Res. [2009]

0-9 eV ions

JOULE-II
21.138
Downleg

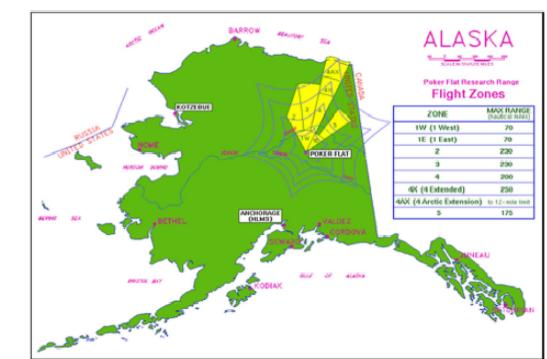
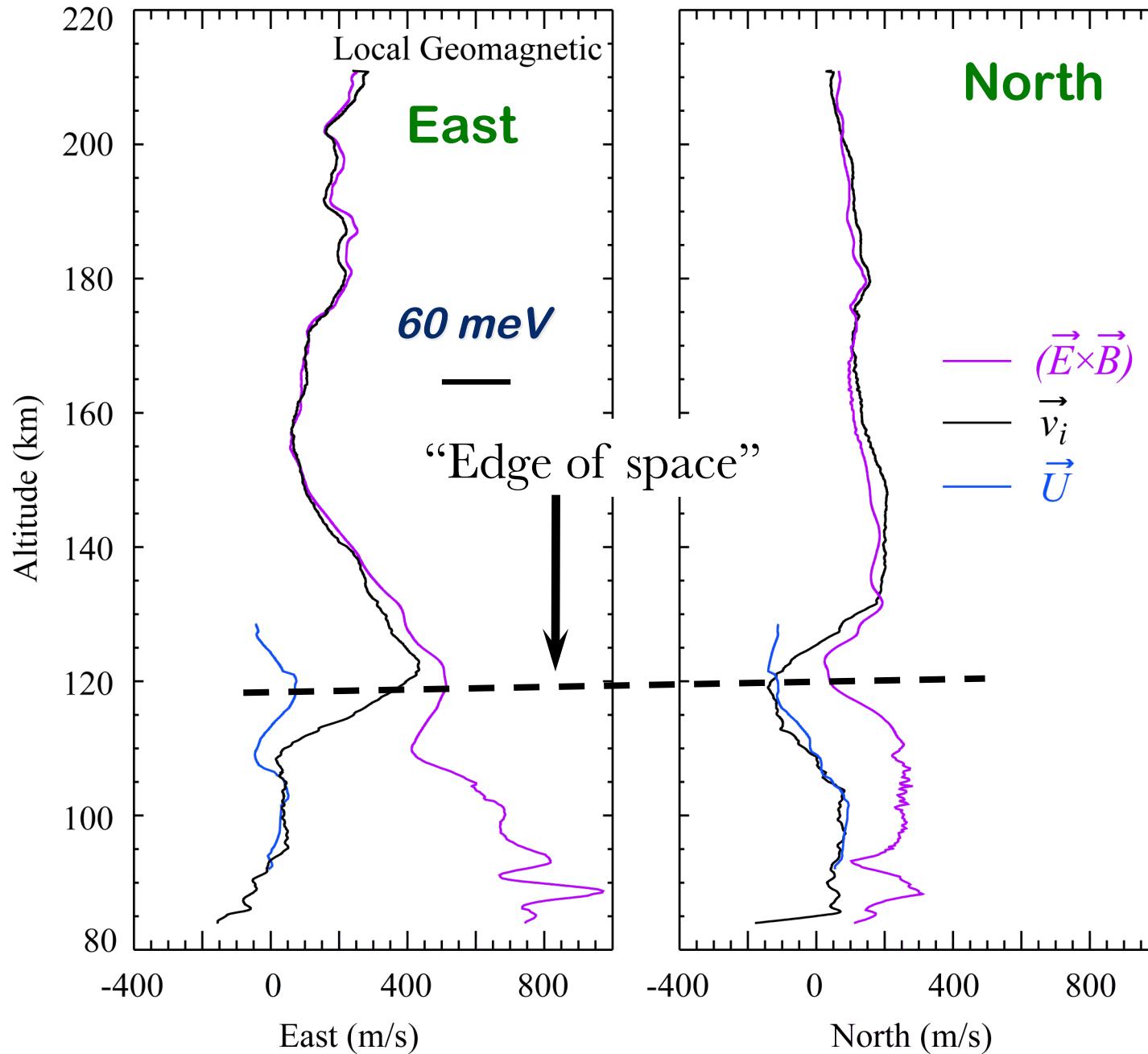
Jan. 2007



Sangalli et al,
J. Geophys. Res. [2009]

JOULE-II
21.138
Downleg

Jan. 2007



Sangalli et al,
J. Geophys. Res. [2009]

Fox News | Fox Business | Small Business Center | Fox News Latino | Fox News Radio | Fox Nation | Register | Login

ON AIR NOW » America's Newsroom
Bill Hemmer and Martha Ma... **9ast** Happening Now
Jon Scott and Jenna Lee! **11ast**

Taxpayer Calculator | Rise of Freedom | Libya Mission | Libya Conference in London | Senate Armed Services Hearing

Home | Video | US | World | Politics | Entertainment | Leisure | Health | SciTech | Opinion | Sports | On Air |

Get unlimited 4G email, text and Web on the best devices. The HTC EVO™ 4G and the embedded 3G/4G Dell™ Inspiron™ 11z notebook. Sprint

Get it now | Replay

SciTech

SCITECH HOME

Scientists Find the Edge

Friday, April 10, 2009

SPACE

Hold on to your hats, or in this case, your called edge of space — the boundary betweenWith data from a new instrument developed by s confirmed that [space](#) begins 73 miles (118 kilo

A lot remains very fuzzy, however, as the bound confusing, conflicting definitions.

For starters, astronauts can say [they've been to](#) kilometer) mark.

Meanwhile the boundary recognized by many in miles (100 kilometers). Scientist Theodore von Kármán's atmosphere is so that it's negligible, and so they can't go fast enough to get any kind of aer the Federation Aeronautique Internationale (FAI

ADVERTISEMENTS
UTOG Oil Bursting its Seams
Fracking tech to unlock vast treasure of 7,000-acre Montana patch. Get..

maneuvering with air surfaces, NASA states. It should be posted way out at 13 million miles (2 where Earth's gravity is no longer dominant.

(While astronauts experience weightlessness in it's due to the balance of forces acting on them

In the new study, an instrument called the Suprise tracking the relatively gentle winds of Earth's atmosphere in space, which can reach speeds well

The ability to gather data in that area is significant measurements in this region, which is too high for

"It's only the second time that direct measurements have been made in this region, and the first time all the ingredients have been included," says project scientist David Knudsen.

The instrument was carried by the JOULE-II rocket about 124 miles (200 kilometers) above sea level moving through the "edge of space."

The finding, detailed in the Journal of Geophysical Research, is published online in the journal [Space Weather](#).

The data "allows us to calculate energy flows important to help us understand the interaction between the Sun and Earth's upper atmosphere. That could mean a greater understanding of the cooling of the Earth's climate as well as how space navigation, and power systems."

<http://www.foxnews.com/story/0,2933,513837,0.html>

WISDOM QUARTERLY: AMERICAN BUDDHIST JOURNAL

EL PAÍS.com el periódico global en español

DHARMA, SUTRAS, NEWS ARTICLES, AND SP BUDDHISTS OF ALL TRADITIONS WITH AN E DEVELOPMENT, NONHARMING



PARA CONTRATO Y PREPAGO
A CUALQUIER HORA
A FIJOS Y MÓVILES NACIONALES

7 CENT /MIN⁺

pepephone
.com

FRIDAY, APRIL 10, 2009

Edge of Space Found



Earth in background, space station spacewalk above atmosphere (NASA)

"Scientists have finally pinpointed the so-called edge April 9, 2009 story below."

Scientists Pinpoint The 'Edge Of Space'

ScienceDaily®
Your source for the latest research news

Live Webcast
gw solar.eventbrite.com

News | Articles | Videos | Images | Books

Health & Medicine | Mind & Brain | Plants & Animals | Earth & Climate | Space & Time | Matter & Energy | Computers & Math | Fossils & Ruins

Science News

Scientists Pinpoint The 'Edge Of Space'

ScienceDaily (April 10, 2009) — Where does space begin? Scientists at the University of Calgary have created a new instrument that is able to track the



Where does Earth stop and space begin? 118-kilometers above the ground, according to scientists who created a new instrument that is able to pinpoint the so-called "edge of space."

10/04/09 5:06 PM

Science Video News

FEBRUARY Are Saturn's Rings Disappearing?

Astronomers say that Saturn's rings will disappear from view on Earth or September 4, 2009. The gases, ice, and rocky material that make up the rings.... [full story](#)

Space Physicists and Atmospheric Scientists Can Now Predict Disruptions Caused by the Sun's Coronal Mass Ejections
Astronomers Reveal First Objects In Our Universe
Astrophysicists Search Skies For a Moon Like Earth's
[more science videos](#)

EL PAÍS.com EDICIÓN GLOBAL

Viernes, 10 de abril de 2009 - 19:53 h
Edición Global | cambiar

Inicio | Internacional | España | Deportes | Economía | Tecnología | Cultura | Gente y TV | Sociedad | Opinión | Blogs | Participa | Vídeos | Fotos | Gráficos | Audios | Índice | Lo último | Lo más visto | A fondo | Archivo | Mi País

URGENTE

Detenido en

París Ekaitz Sirvent, supuesto jefe del

aparato de falsificación de ETA - 19:24 h:



Jornada de luto nacional en Italia

El cardenal Bertone oficia el funeral de Estado por las 289 víctimas mortales del terremoto del lunes en Los Abruzos. El consulado busca a una española desaparecida

Imágenes de la tragedia

Detenido en París el responsable del aparato de falsificación de ETA

La gendarmería ha arrestado a Ekaitz Sirvent Auzmendi en la estación de Montparnasse al bajar de un tren que tomó en Burdeos

Un camión bomba mata a cinco soldados de EE UU y tres policías iraquíes

Estalla un camión bomba cargado con 1.000 kilos de explosivos cerca de una base militar conjunta en Mosul. Hay unos 70 heridos

Mercosur crece pero no madura

JAVIER LAFUENTE
El bloque comercial suramericano cumple 18 años sin colmar las expectativas

Un huerto en la Casa Blanca

Michelle Obama utiliza 100 metros cuadrados de los jardines para plantar lechugas, espinacas y guisantes



¿La frontera del espacio? A 118 km

MALIN RUIZ DE LUNA
A esa distancia de la Tierra los vientos relativamente ligeros de la atmósfera dejan paso a los violentos flujos espaciales

Especial: Todos los eventos del año de la Astronomía



Tu Semana Santa

FOTOS DE LOS LECTORES
Comparte con otros lectores tus fotos de las celebraciones de Semana Santa
Enviar fotografía



corresponsales

Ricardo Martínez de Ritorto/Bélgica

Irán da un paso clave en su plan nuclear - 10-04-2009

Pilar Bonet/Rusia

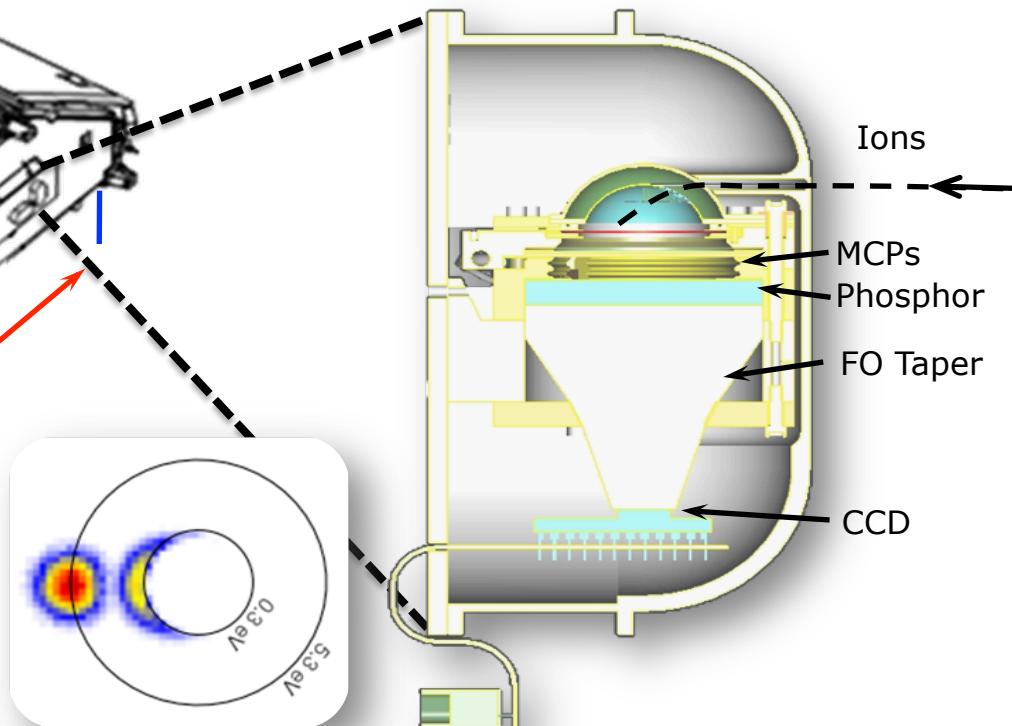


Swarm Thermal Ion Imager



LPs

$$E = -v \times B$$



3D velocity from
orthogonal
analyzers

Coarse ion
moments @ 16Hz

Calibrated
products @ 2Hz

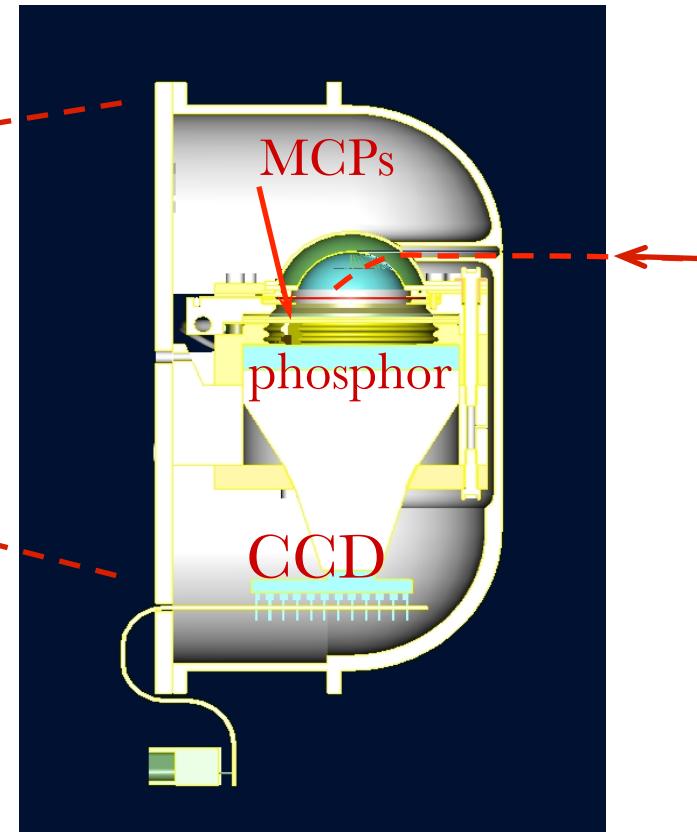
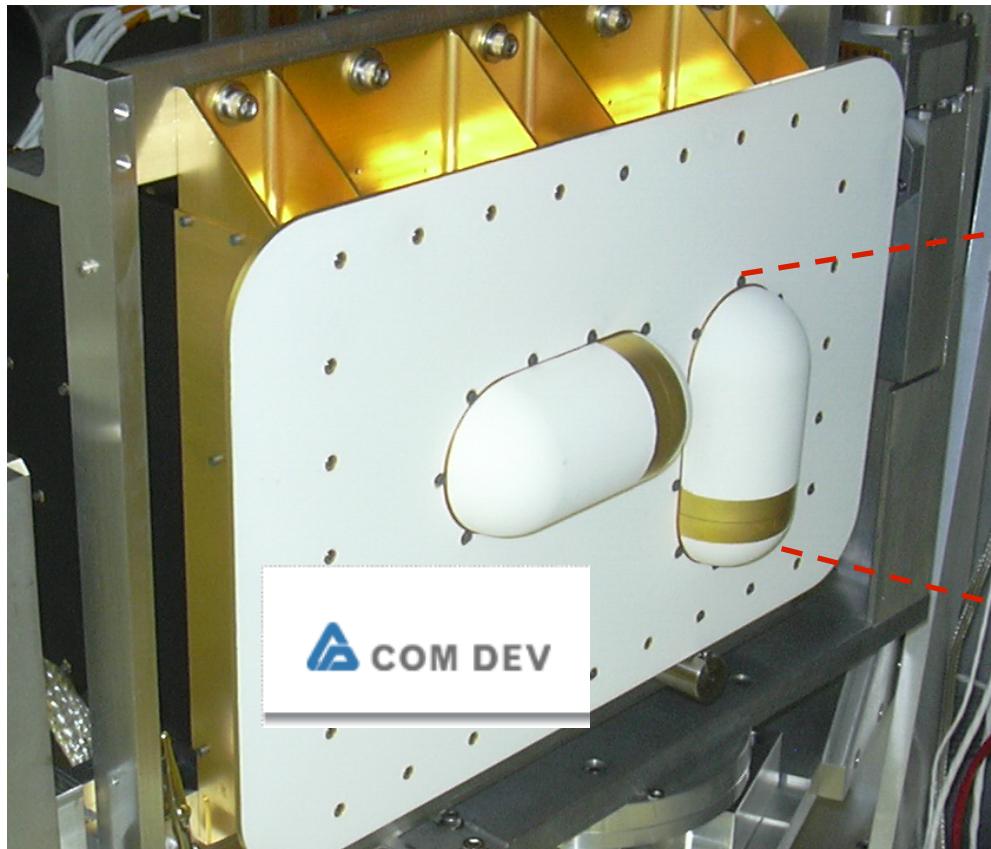
675 Full images/day

Imaging electrostatic
analyzer, electro-optical
detection

Langmuir probe

x 2 per satellite

The Swarm CEFI



Uppsala



UNIVERSITY OF
CALGARY

Swarm



- Precision **B** (vector and scalar)
- **E** from $-v_i \times B$ (2 & 16 Hz)
- T_i , T_e , n_e
- Data validation via ISR's
- ~85-88° inclination
- 2 satellites at ~450 km, laterally separated by 10's km
- 1 satellite at ~530 km, displaced several hours in local time
- Nominal science mission 2013-2016

